International Conference on Smart Energy Systems and 4th Generation District Heating Copenhagen, 25-26 August 2015

Dynamic Modelling of a District Cooling Network with Modelica

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Agenda



- Objectives & Methodology
- Description of the District Cooling System
- Chilled-Water Production Flow Chart
- Centrifugal Chiller Model
- Simulation & Validation Results
- Conclusion & Research perspectives



Objectives & Methodology



- Long-term objective : Optimal control of Chilled-Water Production of a real District Cooling System
- → Detailed representation of main energy equipments
- 1st step : Modelling and Calibration of the Chilled-Water Production Plant (CWPP) with Modelica
- ightarrow Modelling of all production modes

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ightarrow Relevant boundaries (load, weather and controls as inputs)



AIM OF TODAY'S PRESENTATION

Description of the District Cooling System



- Eastern Part of Paris
 District Cooling Network
- 44 MW Chilled-Water
 Production Plant (CWPP)
- Cooling by Seine river
- ≈ 50 substations





Chilled-Water Production Flow Chart



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Chilled-Water Production Flow Chart



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Chilled-water production statistics



Chilled-water production plant configurations annual statistics

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Technologies and Systems

Centrifugal chiller model





[1] Department of Energy (DoE). DOE2 reference manual, Part 1, version 2.1. Berkeley (California): Lawrence Berkeley National Laboratory; 1980.

Centrifugal chiller model

Calibration of parameters [2]



[2] Lee, Tzong-Shing, Ke-Yang Liao, and Wan-Chen Lu. 2012. "Evaluation of the Suitability of Empirically-Based Models for Predicting Energy Performance of Centrifugal Water Chillers with Variable Chilled Water Flow." *Applied Energy* 93 (May): 583–95.

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- Period : 1 week
- Measured controls, inputs and outputs
- Data time step : 10 minutes
- Simulation environment : Dymola





Measured Controls





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Load and weather inputs





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Validation results



Comparison between measured and calculated electricity



Electricity consumption [MWh]



Validation results





Electricity consumption [MWh]

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Validation results







Measured power input [kW]

Power input [kW]

MAPE	10.9%
CV	11.8%
RMSE	113.0

Over-estimation with very low demand
Under-estimation with high peak demand



Conclusion & Research perspectives



- Satisfactory total power input modelling for the chiller production mode
- Modelling improvements : pumps
- Validation in progress : other production modes
- Towards operational optimization : add a control model, to be optimized





Questions





Thank you for your attention



Pump model

Representation

Hydraulic model [3]





SIGNAL." International Conference on Smart Energy Systems and

[3] Wetter, Michael. 2015. "FAN AND PUMP MODEL THAT HAS A UNIQUE SOLUTION FOR ANY PRESSURE BOUNDARY CONDITION AND CONTROL

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Representation





[4] Bernier, and Bourret. 1999. "Pumping Energy And Variable Frequency Drives."

[5] Sfeir, and Bernier. 2005. "A Methodology to Evaluate Pumping Energy Consumption in GCHP Systems."

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Pump model

Calibration











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