



This project has received funding from the European Union's Horizon 2020 research and innovation programme under grant agreement No 767429.



4DH
4th Generation District Heating
Technologies and Systems

4th INTERNATIONAL CONFERENCE ON SMART ENERGY SYSTEMS AND 4TH GENERATION DISTRICT HEATING

AALBORG, 13–14 NOVEMBER 2018



AALBORG UNIVERSITY
DENMARK

4th International Conference on Smart Energy Systems and 4th Generation District Heating 2018/#SES4DH2018/14-11-2018



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REUSEHEAT SESSION

AALBORG, 14 NOVEMBER 2018





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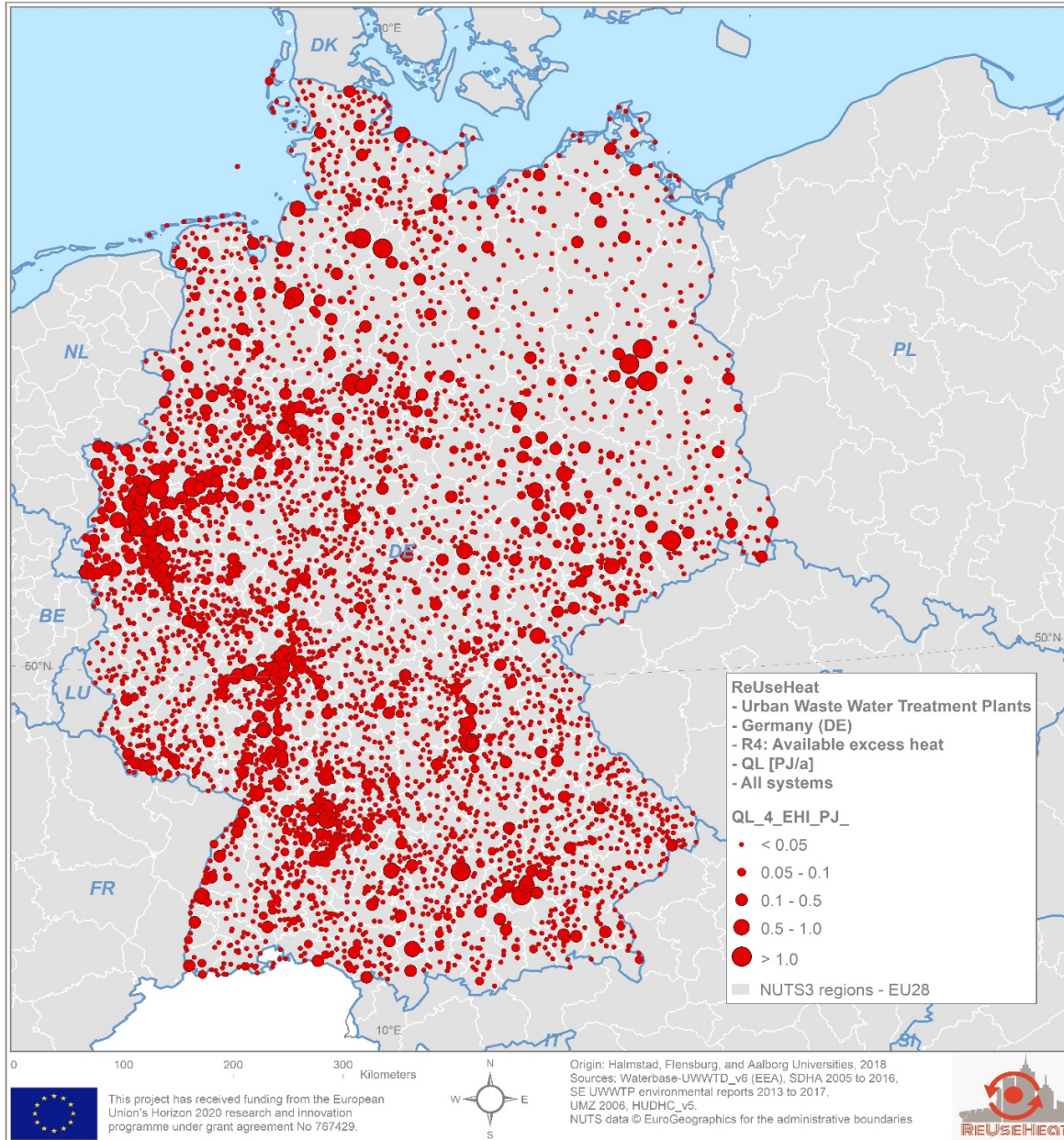
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REUSEHEAT SESSION

URBAN WASTE HEAT RECOVERY POTENTIAL IN EU28 MAPPING AND GEOGRAPHICAL VISUALISATION

PRESENTER: URBAN PERSSON







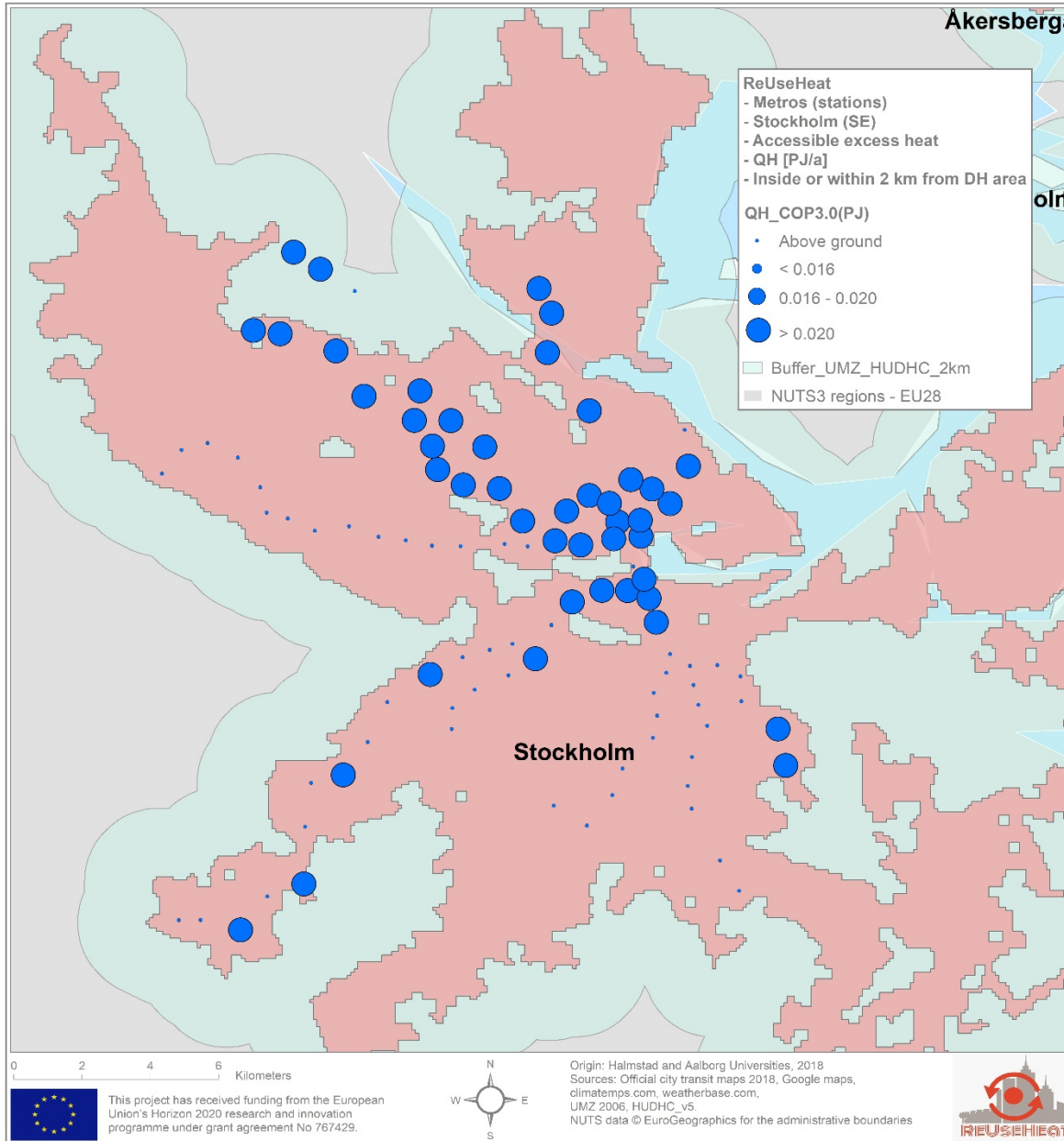
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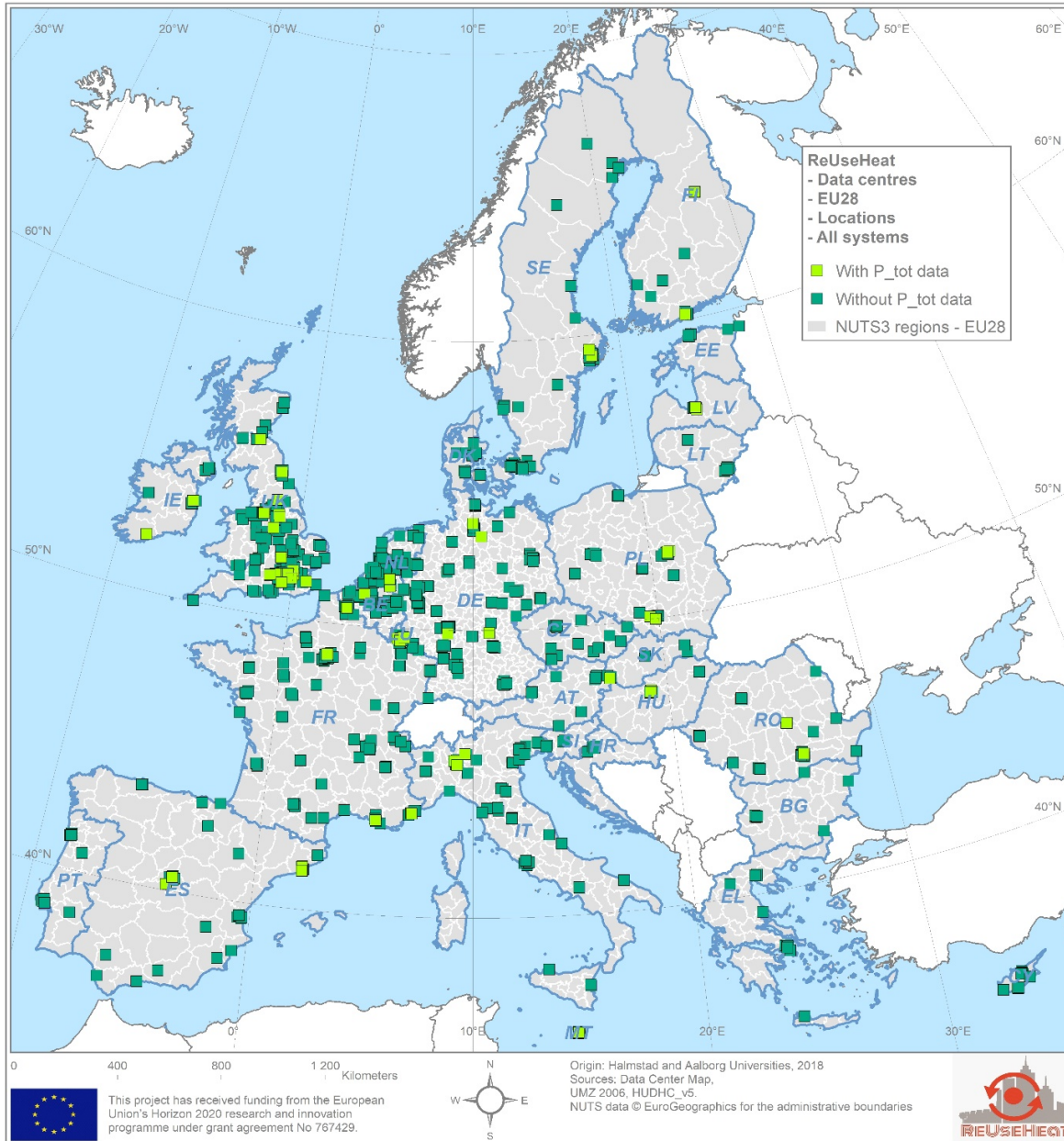


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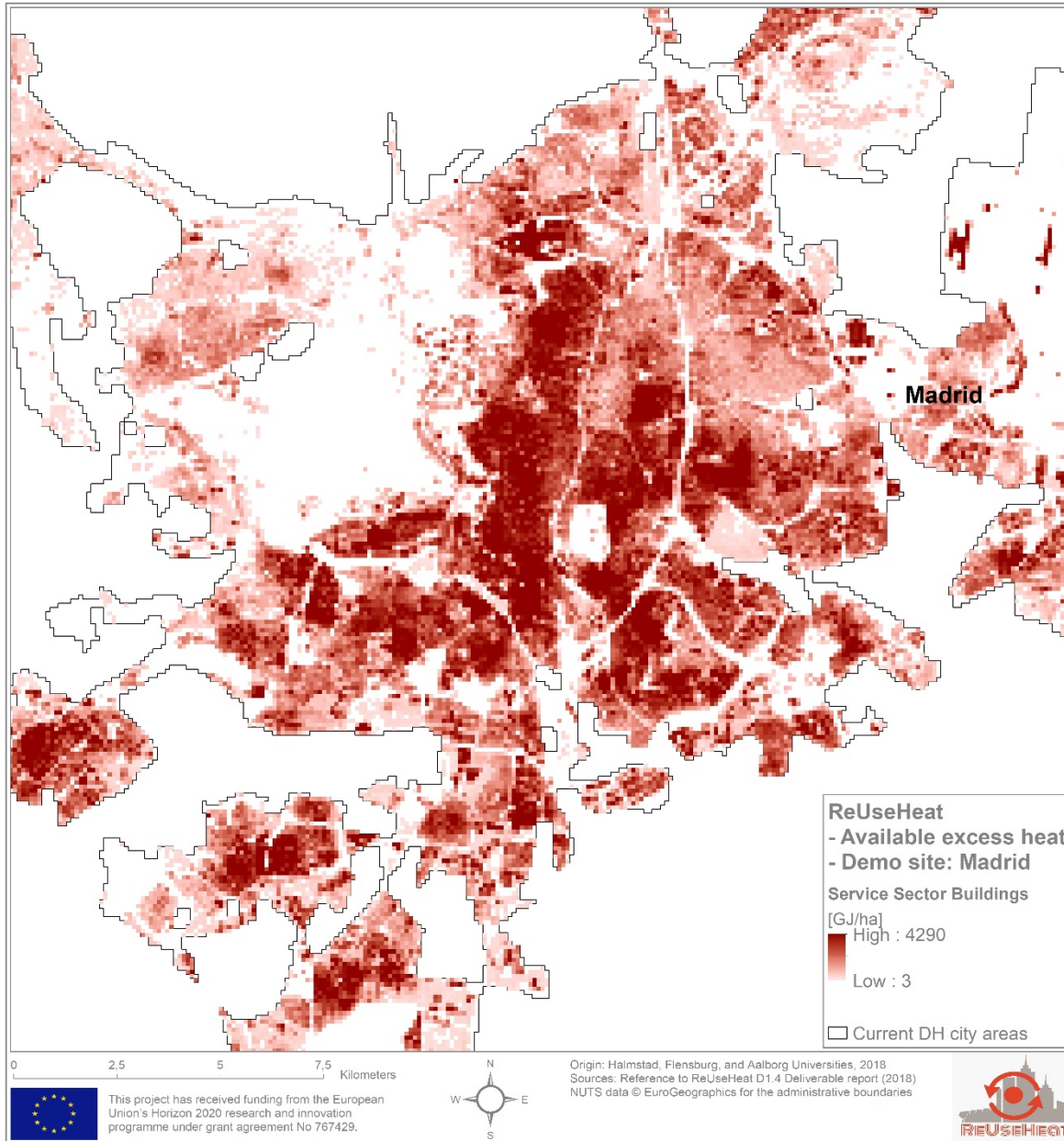


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Overview

- **Introduction**
 - Four unconventional sources
 - Some concepts
- **Excess heat potentials**
 - Waste water treatment plants
 - Metro stations
 - Data centres
 - Service sector buildings
- **Demo sites**
- **Summary**

Introduction

- Four unconventional sources
 - Waste water treatment plants
 - Post-treatment heat in sewage water
 - Metro stations
 - Exhaust air heat in platform ventilation shafts
 - Data Centres
 - Rejected heat from cooling of IT equipment in server halls
 - Service sector buildings
 - Rejected heat from space cooling in sector buildings

Low-
temperature
< 50 °C...
Utilisation
by use of
heat pumps

Introduction

- Four unconventional sources
 - Waste water treatment plants
 - Anticipated potential (project description): **540 PJ/a**
 - Metro stations
 - Anticipated potential (project description): **36 PJ/a**
 - Data Centres
 - Anticipated potential (project description): **173 PJ/a**
 - Service sector buildings
 - Anticipated potential (project description): **40 PJ/a**
 - Total
 - Anticipated potential (project description): **789 PJ/a**

Introduction

- **Some concepts**
- **Available excess heat**
 - Heat available at HP evaporator
 - Equivalent to “ Q_L ”
 - *Temporal dimension (Seasonality)*
- **Accessible excess heat**
 - Heat accessible at HP condenser
 - Equivalent to “ Q_H ”
 - *Spatial dimension (local conditions)*

- Basic heat pump concepts:
- $Q_H = Q_L + W$ [J]
- $COP_{HP,irev} = \frac{Q_H}{W}$ [-]
- $COP_{HP,rev} = \frac{T_H}{T_H - T_L}$ [-]
- $\eta_{Carnot} = \frac{COP_{HP,irev}}{COP_{HP,rev}}$ [-]



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Excess heat potentials – Waste-water plants



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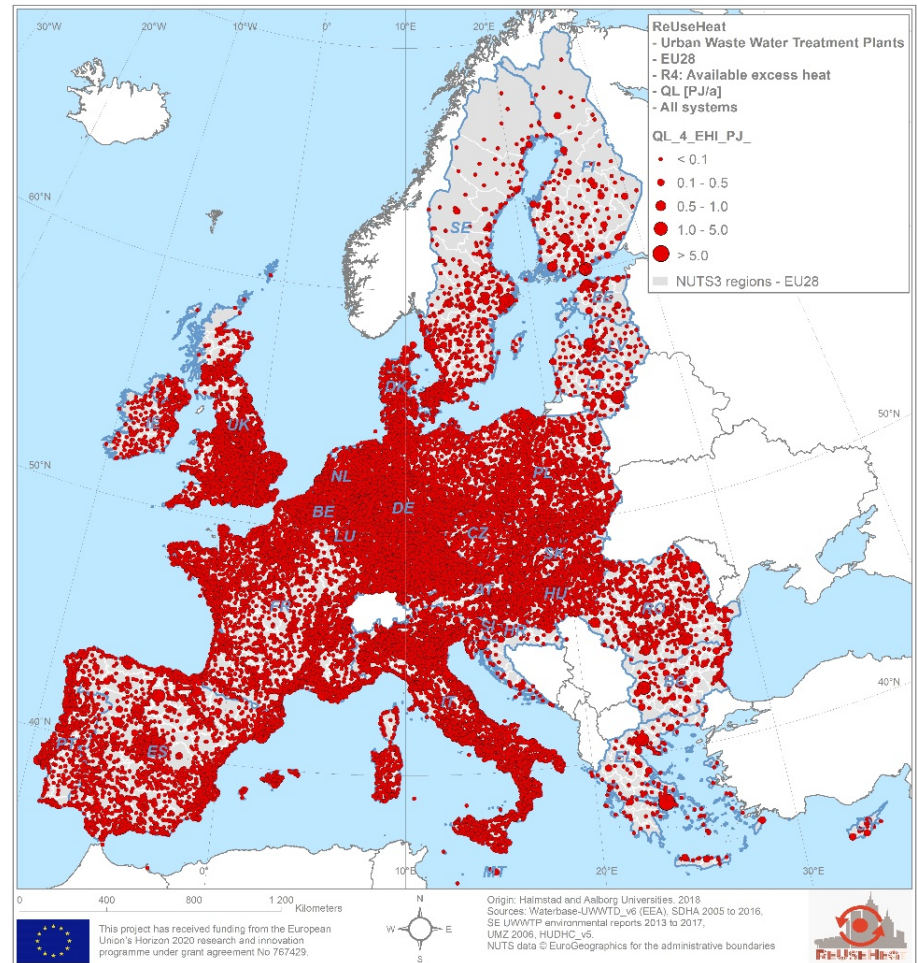
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Excess heat potentials – Waste-water plants

- Data and method
 - Excess heat potential estimated by
 - Applying best-fit linear regression function from the SE Model to the facilities recorded in the EEA database
 - Adjustment to seasonality of heat demands (EHI)
 - Spatial correlation to current district heating areas

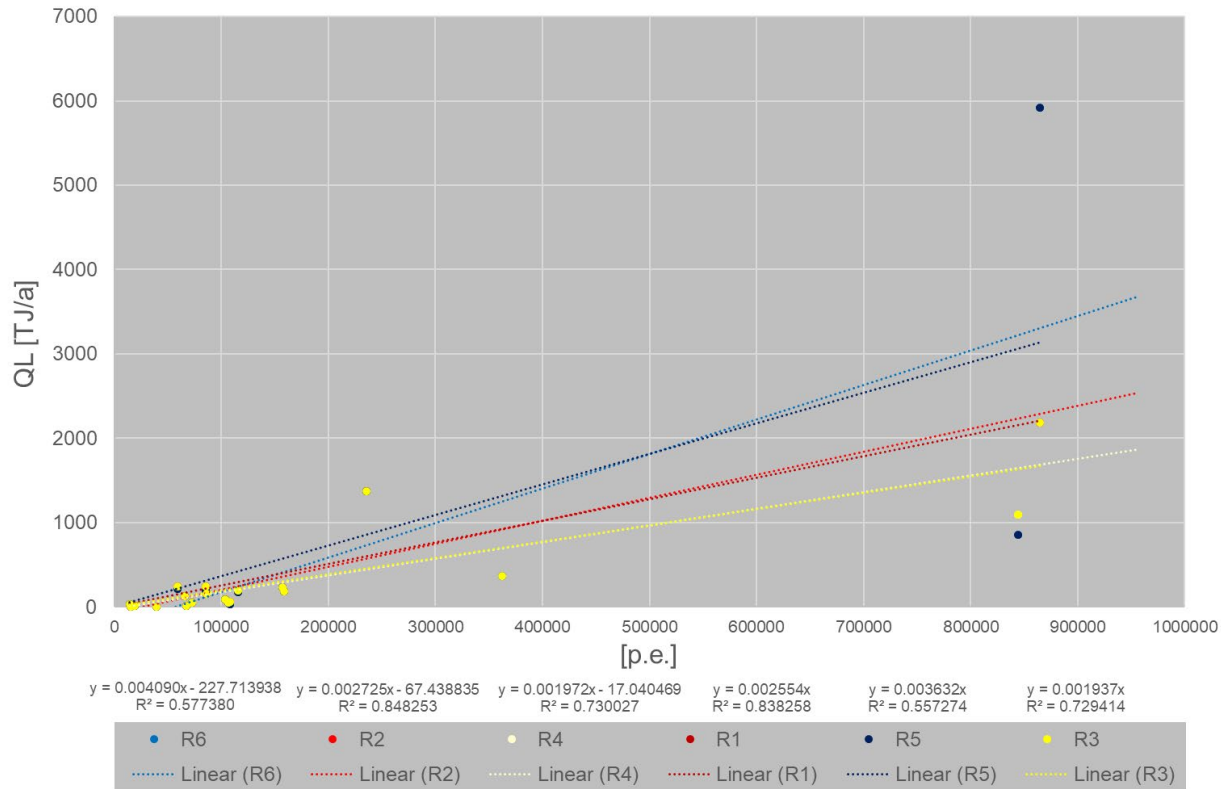
Excess heat potentials – Waste-water plants

- Data and method
 - Waterbase-UWWTD_v6 dataset (EEA)
 - Plant capacities
 - Site coordinates
 - SE Model
 - Time-series data from 20 Swedish DH operators
 - Time-series data from 20 Swedish sewage facilities



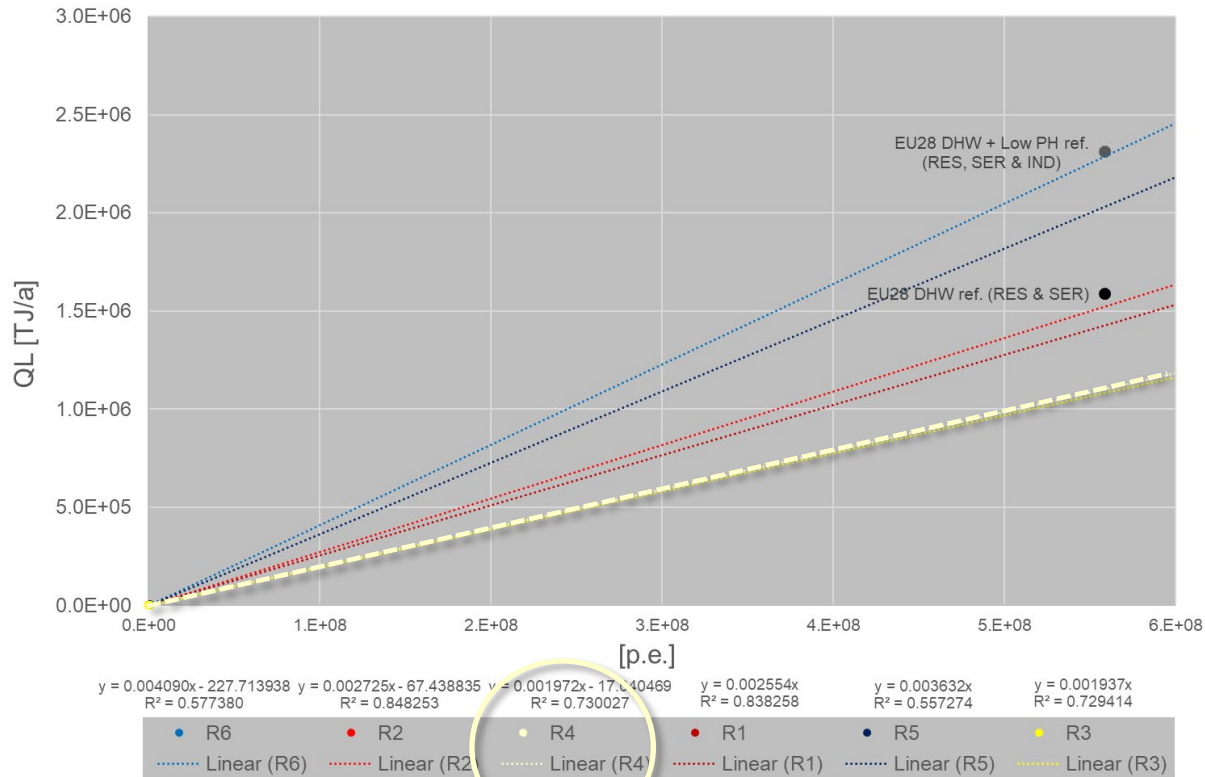
Excess heat potentials – Waste-water plants

- Data and method
 - SE Model



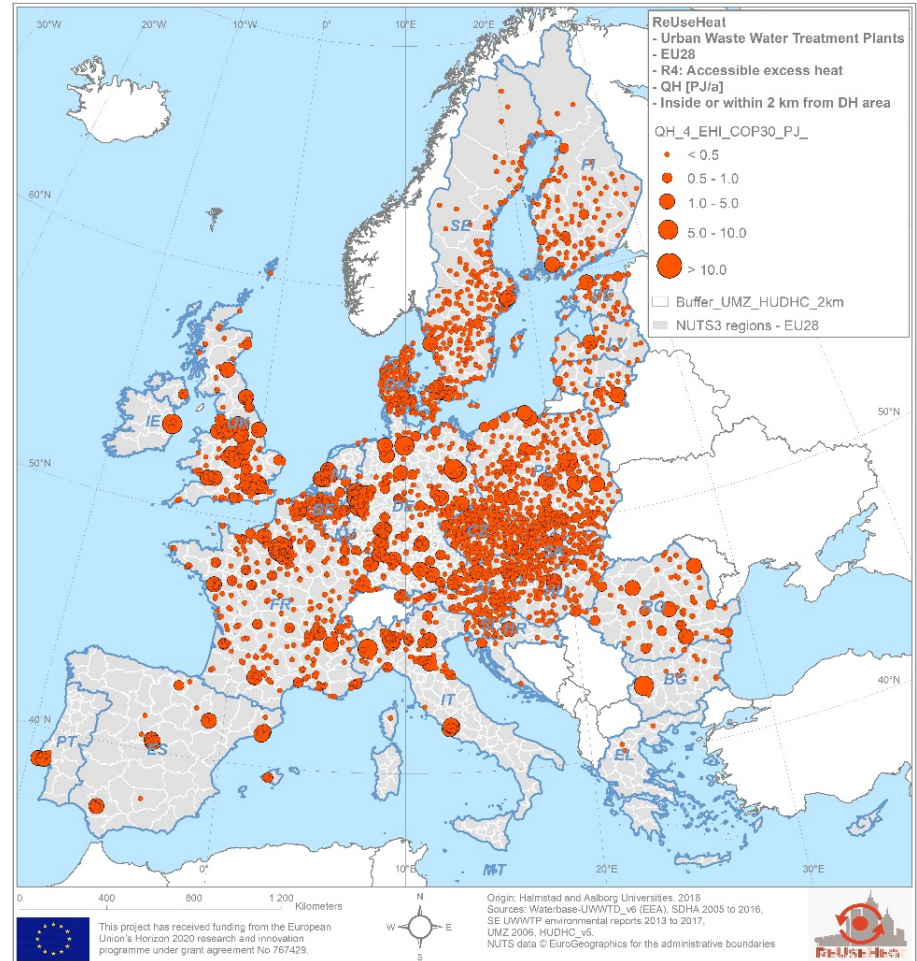
Excess heat potentials – Waste-water plants

- Data and method
 - SE Model



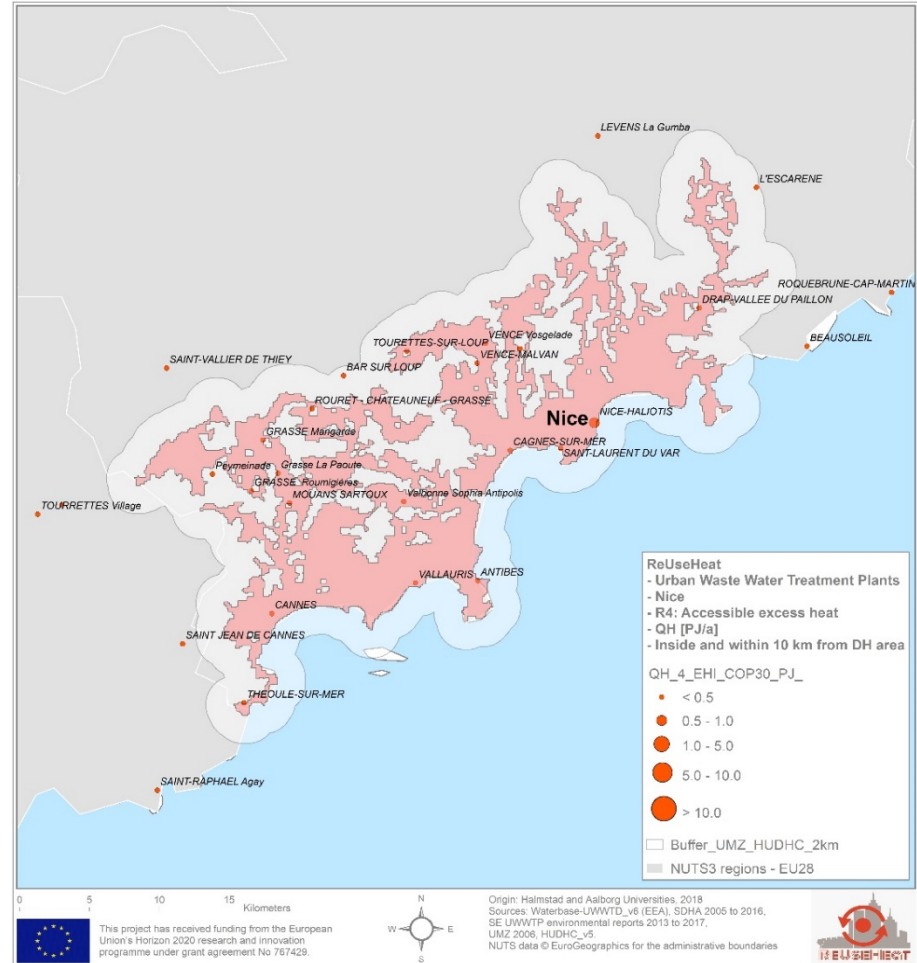
Excess heat potentials – Waste-water plants

- Results
 - 3982 (of 23,189) plants inside or within 2 km of current DH areas
 - R4:
 - 417 PJ/a (Available)
 - 625 PJ/a (Accessible)
 - at $COP_{HP,irev} = 3.0$
 - $W = 208$ PJ/a
 - $Q_{t,EU28} \approx 10.7$ EJ/a
 - Accessible excess heat represents 5.8% of total heat demand



Excess heat potentials – Waste-water plants

- Results
 - 3982 (of 23,189) plants inside or within 2 km of current DH areas
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Excess heat potentials – Waste-water plants

- Results: **R4 (2 km)**

MS	Count of uwwUWWTPSID	Sum of QL_4(PJ)	Sum of QH_4_COP3.0(PJ)	Sum of W_4_COP3.0(PJ)	Sum of QL_4_EHI(PJ)	Sum of QH_4_EHI_COP3.0(PJ)	Sum of W_4_EHI_COP3.0(PJ)
AT	231	18	27	9	16	24	8
BE	218	11	17	6	10	14	5
BG	13	5	7	2	4	6	2
CZ	369	14	21	7	13	20	7
DE	418	89	133	44	81	121	40
DK	199	10	15	5	10	15	5
EE	45	2	3	1	2	3	1
EL	3	0	0	0	0	0	0
ES	57	24	36	12	15	22	7
FI	106	7	11	4	8	12	4
FR	597	71	106	35	57	86	29
HR	12	3	5	2	3	4	1
HU	113	12	19	6	11	16	5
IE	6	5	7	2	4	6	2
IT	194	35	53	18	27	40	13
LT	33	3	5	2	3	5	2
LU	5	0	1	0	0	1	0
LV	35	2	3	1	2	3	1
NL	64	12	18	6	10	15	5
PL	445	46	70	23	45	67	22
PT	14	5	7	2	3	4	1
RO	76	14	20	7	12	18	6
SE	232	13	20	7	14	20	7
SI	42	1	2	1	1	2	1
SK	153	5	8	3	5	7	2
UK	302	74	111	37	62	93	31
Grand Total	3982	483	724	241	417	625	208

Excess heat potentials – Waste-water plants

- Results: **R4 (all)**

MS	Count of wwwUWWTPSID	Sum of QL_4(PJ)	Sum of QH_4_COP3.0(PJ)	Sum of W_4_COP3.0(PJ)	Sum of QL_4_EHI(PJ)	Sum of QH_4_EHI_COP3.0(PJ)	Sum of W_4_EHI_COP3.0(PJ)
AT	634	23	35	12	21	31	10
BE	402	14	20	7	12	17	6
BG	104	9	14	5	8	12	4
CY	15	1	2	1	1	2	1
CZ	600	15	22	7	14	21	7
DE	4244	182	273	91	166	249	83
DK	343	12	18	6	11	17	6
EE	57	2	3	1	2	3	1
EL	159	19	29	10	11	17	6
ES	2020	105	157	52	64	96	32
FI	163	11	16	5	12	18	6
FR	3610	115	172	57	90	136	45
HR	81	5	8	3	4	6	2
HU	747	16	23	8	13	20	7
IE	167	8	12	4	7	10	3
IT	3953	116	174	58	81	121	40
LT	75	4	7	2	4	7	2
LU	33	1	2	1	1	1	0
LV	89	2	3	1	2	3	1
MT	4	1	1	0	0	1	0
NL	337	31	46	15	27	40	13
PL	1665	57	85	28	54	82	27
PT	467	20	30	10	11	17	6
RO	556	19	29	10	18	26	9
SE	432	16	24	8	16	25	8
SI	91	3	4	1	2	3	1
SK	263	6	9	3	5	8	3
UK	1878	122	183	61	103	155	52
Grand Total	23189	935	1403	468	763	1144	381



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Excess heat potentials – Metro stations



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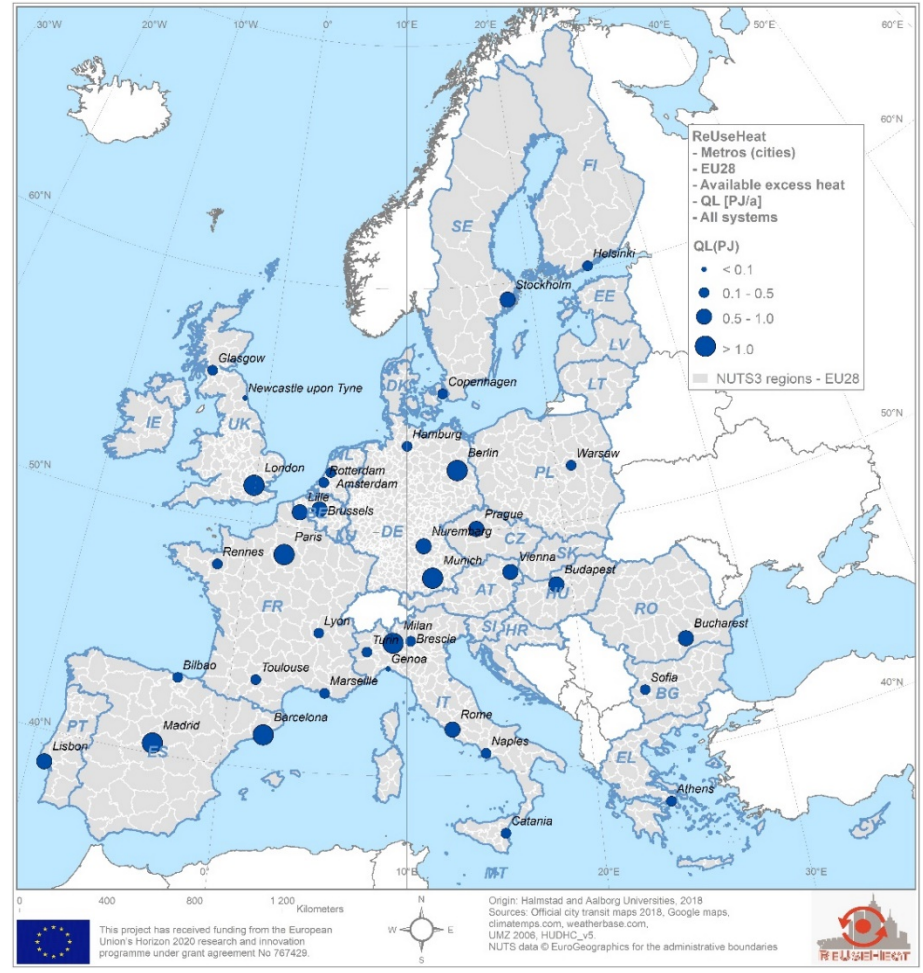
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Excess heat potentials – Metro stations

- Data and method
 - Excess heat potential estimated by
 - Georeferencing of station locations
 - **37 cities** operating heavy rail systems in EU28
 - Literature studies
 - Station average air flows, capacities, relations etc.
 - Meteorological data
 - Monthly averages of temperatures and humidity
 - Sensible heat (temperature drop limited to dew point temperatures)
 - Spatial correlation to current district heating areas

Excess heat potentials – Metro stations

- Results
 - Available heat recovery
 - 37 cities
 - 1994 stations (UG)
 - Potential heat recovery $Q_L = 24.6 \text{ PJ/a}$

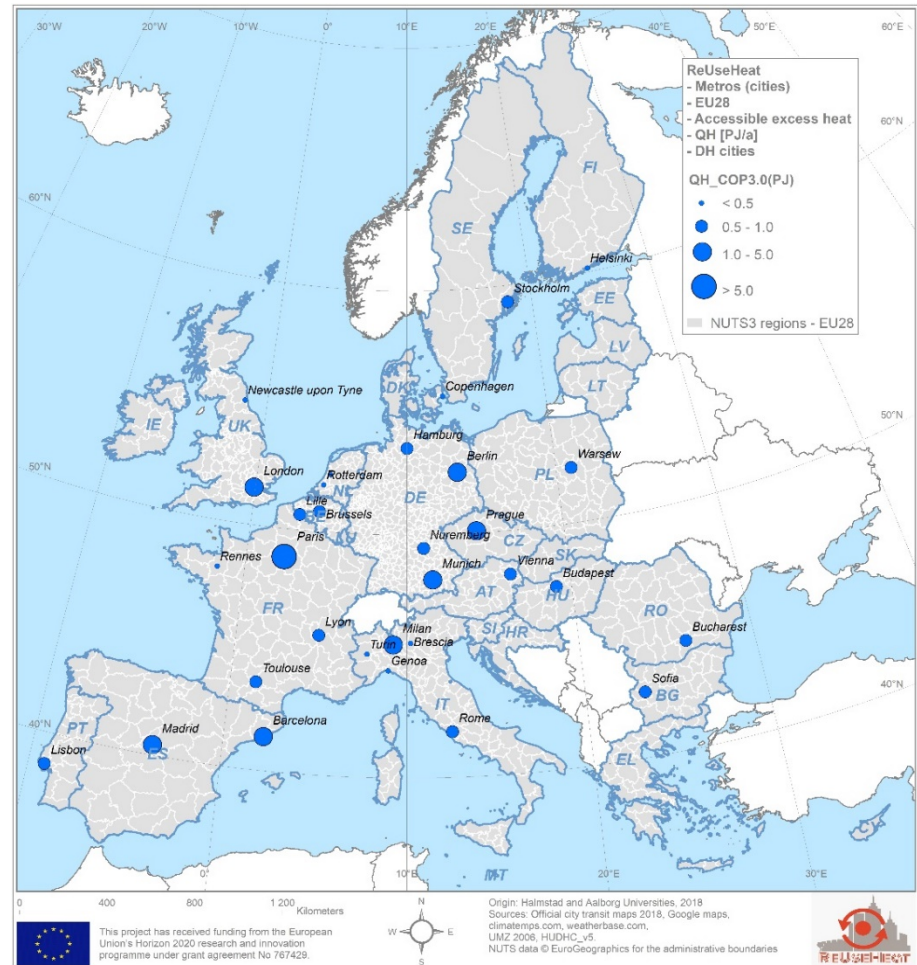


Excess heat potentials – Metro stations

• Results

– Accessible heat recovery

- **31 cities** with district heating systems
- 1860 stations (UG)
- Potential heat recovery
- $Q_L = 23.0 \text{ PJ/a}$
- $Q_H = 34.5 \text{ PJ/a}$
- $W = 11.5 \text{ PJ/a}$
- Q_H represents 0.33% of total heat demand



Excess heat potentials – Metro stations

- Results: **DH cities**

MS	Count of CityID	Sum of TotUniqUnStaName	Sum of QL(PJ)	Sum of QH_COP30(PJ)	Sum of W_COP30(PJ)
AT	1	48	0.7	1.0	0.3
BE	1	47	0.5	0.8	0.3
BG	1	29	0.4	0.6	0.2
CZ	1	53	0.7	1.1	0.4
DE	4	318	3.9	5.9	2.0
DK	1	9	0.1	0.2	0.1
ES	2	376	4.8	7.3	2.4
FI	1	17	0.3	0.4	0.1
FR	5	419	4.9	7.4	2.5
HU	1	44	0.6	1.0	0.3
IT	5	185	2.2	3.3	1.1
NL	2	25	0.3	0.4	0.1
PL	1	27	0.4	0.5	0.2
PT	1	48	0.5	0.8	0.3
RO	1	45	0.7	1.0	0.3
SE	1	45	0.6	1.0	0.3
UK	2	125	1.4	2.1	0.7
Grand Total	31	1860	23.0	34.5	11.5

Excess heat potentials – Metro stations

- Results: **All**

MS	Count of CityID	Sum of TotUniqUnStaName	Sum of QL(PJ)	Sum of QH_COP30(PJ)	Sum of W_COP30(PJ)
AT	1	48	0.7	1.0	0.3
BE	1	47	0.5	0.8	0.3
BG	1	29	0.4	0.6	0.2
CZ	1	53	0.7	1.1	0.4
DE	4	318	3.9	5.9	2.0
DK	1	9	0.1	0.2	0.1
EL	1	37	0.5	0.7	0.2
ES	3	407	5.2	7.8	2.6
FI	1	17	0.3	0.4	0.1
FR	6	441	5.2	7.8	2.6
HU	1	44	0.6	1.0	0.3
IT	7	214	2.5	3.8	1.3
NL	2	25	0.3	0.4	0.1
PL	1	27	0.4	0.5	0.2
PT	1	48	0.5	0.8	0.3
RO	1	45	0.7	1.0	0.3
SE	1	45	0.6	1.0	0.3
UK	3	140	1.6	2.3	0.8
Grand Total	37	1994	24.6	36.9	12.3

Excess heat potentials – Metro stations

- Results: **All**

MS	Count of MetroID	Sum of QL(PJ)	Sum of QH_COP30(PJ)	Sum of W_COP30(PJ)	QL by station [TJ/St.]	QH by station COP3.0 [TJ/St.]	W by station COP3.0 [TJ/St.]
AT	48	0.7	1.0	0.3	13.8	20.6	6.9
BE	47	0.5	0.8	0.3	10.9	16.4	5.5
BG	29	0.4	0.6	0.2	14.2	21.2	7.1
CZ	53	0.7	1.1	0.4	13.2	19.8	6.6
DE	318	3.9	5.9	2.0	12.3	18.4	6.1
DK	9	0.1	0.2	0.1	12.4	18.5	6.2
EL	37	0.5	0.7	0.2	12.4	18.5	6.2
ES	407	5.2	7.8	2.6	12.7	19.1	6.4
FI	17	0.3	0.4	0.1	14.8	22.1	7.4
FR	441	5.2	7.8	2.6	11.8	17.7	5.9
HU	44	0.6	1.0	0.3	14.5	21.8	7.3
IT	214	2.5	3.8	1.3	11.8	17.7	5.9
NL	25	0.3	0.4	0.1	10.8	16.3	5.4
PL	27	0.4	0.5	0.2	13.3	19.9	6.6
PT	48	0.5	0.8	0.3	10.9	16.3	5.4
RO	45	0.7	1.0	0.3	14.8	22.2	7.4
SE	45	0.6	1.0	0.3	14.2	21.3	7.1
UK	140	1.6	2.3	0.8	11.1	16.6	5.5
Grand Total	1994	24.6	36.9	12.3	12.3	18.5	6.2



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Excess heat potentials – Data centres



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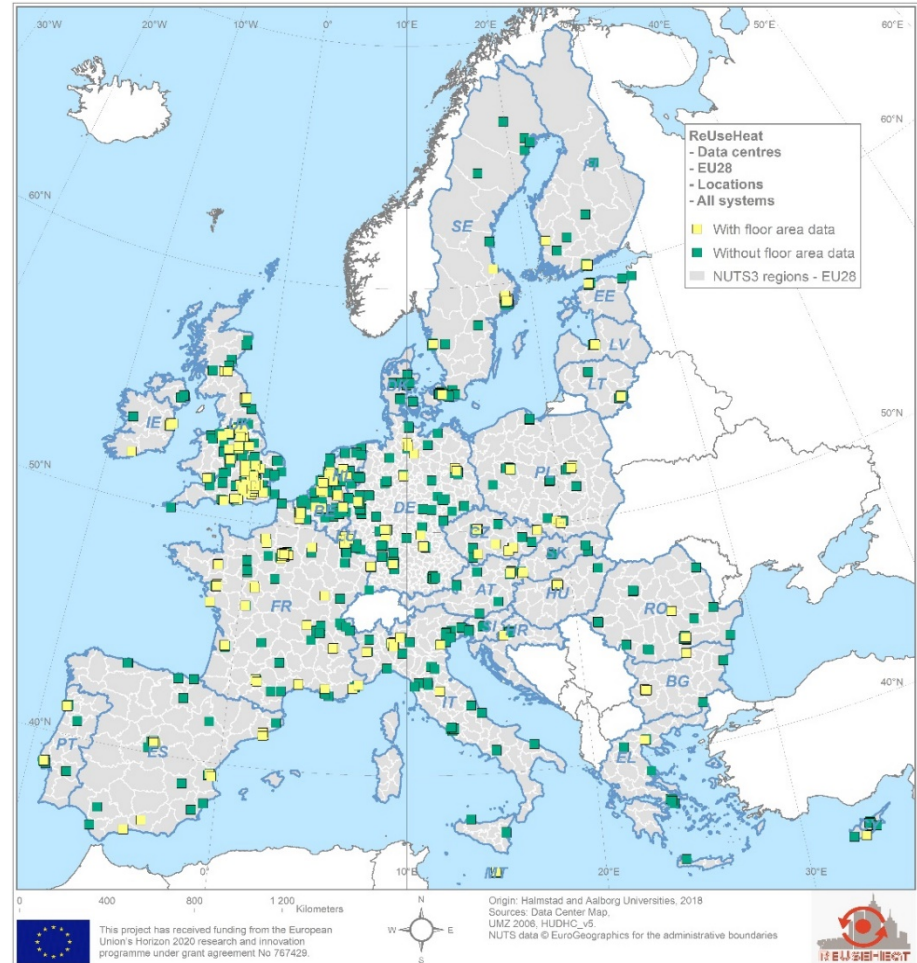
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Excess heat potentials – Data Centres

- Data and method
 - Excess heat potential estimated from data on
 - Average shares of electricity consumption (literature sources)
 - Combined with energy statistics
 - Geographical data on facility locations
 - Spatial correlation to current district heating areas

Excess heat potentials – Data centres

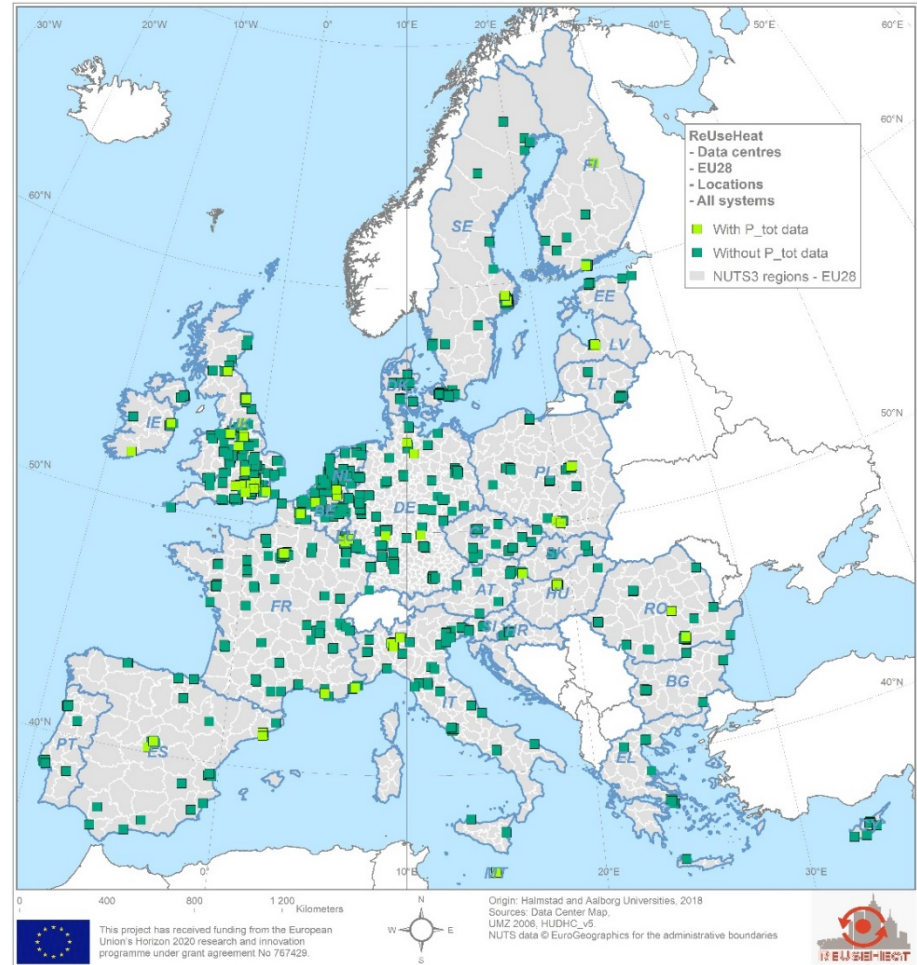
- **Data and method**
 - Data base purchased
 - **World Data Center Map**
 - Approval for use
 - ~1300 EU28 facilities
 - Student assignment
- **Main issues**
 - **Sector confidentiality**
 - **Lack of data at site level**
- **Assessment**
 - Literature references
 - Energy statistics



266 with floor area data

Excess heat potentials – Data centres

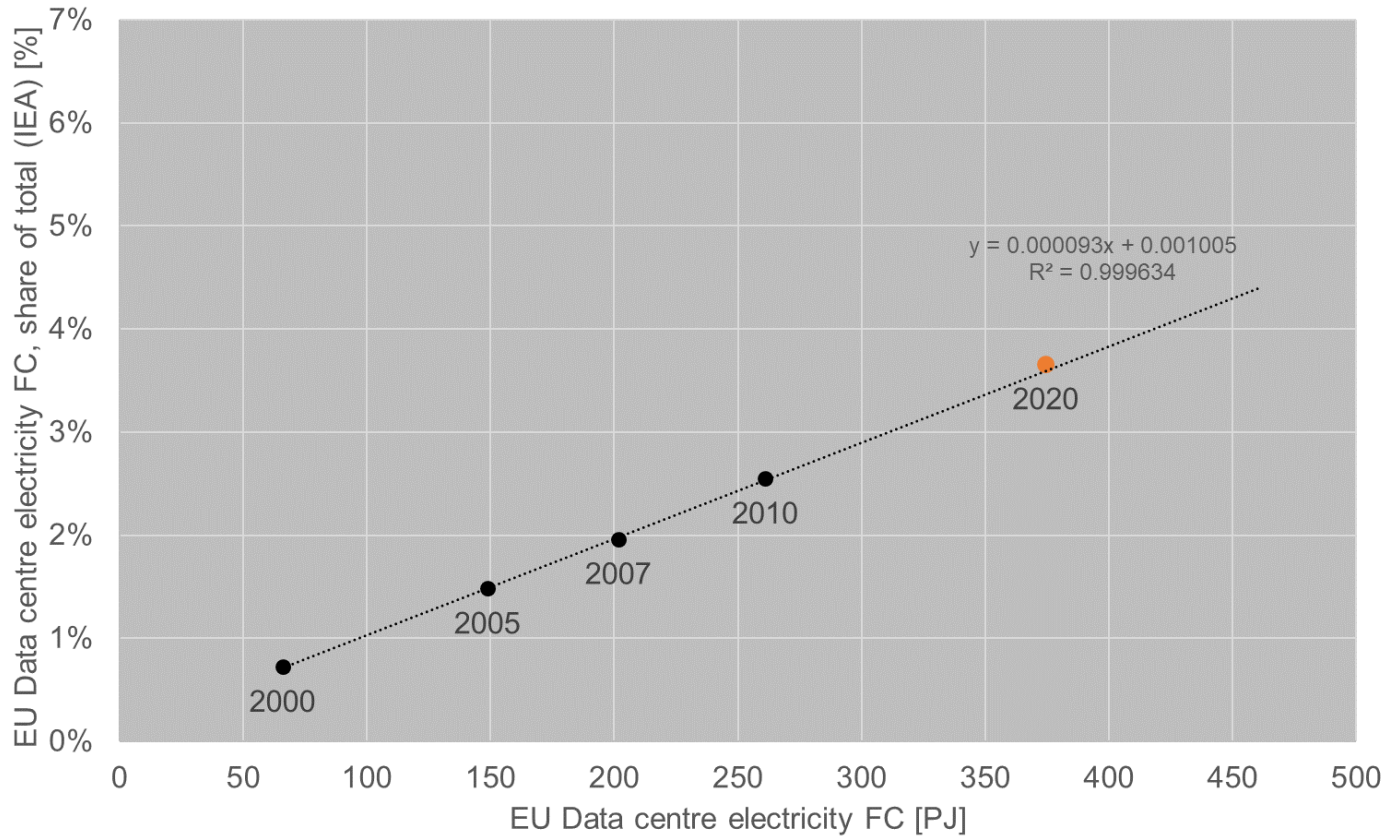
- **Data and method**
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- **Main issues**
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- **Assessment**
 - Literature references
 - Energy statistics



63 with P total data

Excess heat potentials – Data centres

- Data and method

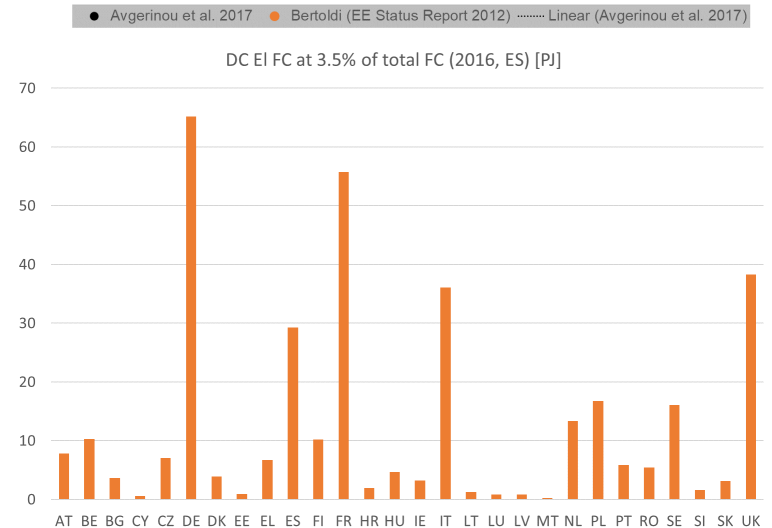
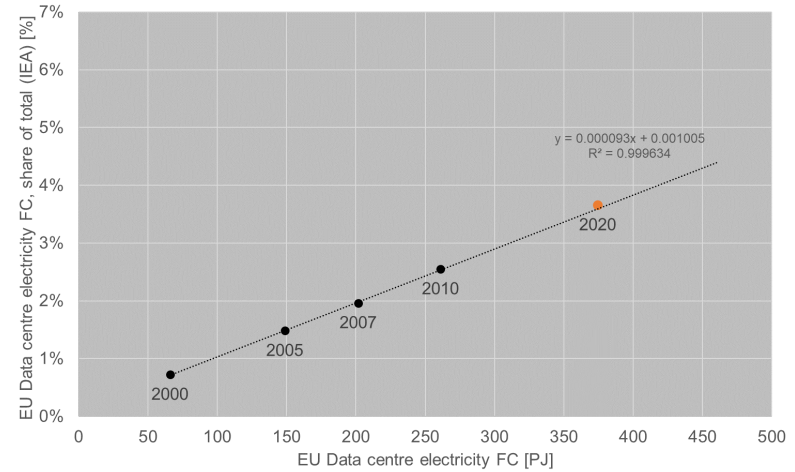


● Avgerinou et al. 2017 ● Bertoldi (EE Status Report 2012) Linear (Avgerinou et al. 2017)

Excess heat potentials – Data centres

• Data and method

MS	Sum of Data centres [n]	Sum of Total EI FC (2016, ES) [PJ]	Sum of DC EI FC at 3.5% of total FC (2016, ES) [PJ]
AT	17	223	7.8
BE	32	295	10.3
BG	20	104	3.6
CY	13	16	0.6
CZ	24	202	7.1
DE	203	1863	65.2
DK	29	112	3.9
EE	10	26	0.9
EL	14	192	6.7
ES	59	837	29.3
FI	18	291	10.2
FR	147	1593	55.7
HR	5	55	1.9
HU	8	134	4.7
IE	22	92	3.2
IT	67	1030	36.0
LT	11	35	1.2
LU	15	23	0.8
LV	17	23	0.8
MT	8	8	0.3
NL	97	380	13.3
PL	31	478	16.7
PT	26	167	5.8
RO	48	156	5.5
SE	53	459	16.1
SI	7	47	1.6
SK	14	90	3.1
UK	254	1094	38.3
EU28	1269	10023	350.8



Excess heat potentials – Data centres

• Results

- Indicative...
- Assumptions:
 - Air cooling (all)
 - **65%** of DC FC electricity for IT-equipment ($\approx Q_L$)
 - For facility averages: MS facilities all of **same size** (unrealistic)

MS	Sum of QL (65%) [PJ]	Sum of QH COP3.0 [PJ]	Sum of W COP3.0 [PJ]	Average of QL by facility (65%) [TJ/DC]	Average of QH by facility COP3.0 [TJ/DC]	Average of W by facility COP3.0 [TJ/DC]
AT	5.1	7.6	2.5	298	447	149
BE	6.7	10.1	3.4	209	314	105
BG	2.4	3.6	1.2	118	178	59
CY	0.4	0.5	0.2	28	42	14
CZ	4.6	6.9	2.3	191	287	96
DE	42.4	63.6	21.2	209	313	104
DK	2.6	3.8	1.3	88	132	44
EE	0.6	0.9	0.3	60	90	30
EL	4.4	6.6	2.2	313	469	156
ES	19.0	28.6	9.5	323	484	161
FI	6.6	9.9	3.3	368	552	184
FR	36.2	54.3	18.1	246	370	123
HR	1.3	1.9	0.6	251	376	125
HU	3.0	4.6	1.5	380	570	190
IE	2.1	3.1	1.0	95	143	48
IT	23.4	35.1	11.7	350	524	175
LT	0.8	1.2	0.4	73	109	36
LU	0.5	0.8	0.3	35	52	17
LV	0.5	0.8	0.3	31	47	16
MT	0.2	0.3	0.1	22	32	11
NL	8.7	13.0	4.3	89	134	45
PL	10.9	16.3	5.4	351	526	175
PT	3.8	5.7	1.9	146	219	73
RO	3.5	5.3	1.8	74	111	37
SE	10.4	15.7	5.2	197	296	99
SI	1.1	1.6	0.5	152	229	76
SK	2.0	3.1	1.0	146	219	73
UK	24.9	37.3	12.4	98	147	49
EU28	228.0	342.0	114.0	176	265	88

Q_H represents $\sim 3\%$ of the total heat demand

Excess heat potentials – Data centres

• Results

- Indicative...
- Assumptions:
 - Air cooling (all)
 - **65%** of DC FC electricity for IT-equipment ($\approx Q_L$)
 - For facility averages: MS facilities all of **same size** (unrealistic)

MS	Sum of Data centres (2k) [n]	Sum of DC El FC at 3.5% of total FC (2016, ES) [PJ]	Sum of QL (65%) [PJ]	Sum of QH COP3.0 [PJ]	Sum of W COP3.0 [PJ]
AT	16	7.3	4.8	7.2	2.4
BE	29	9.3	6.1	9.1	3.0
BG	19	3.5	2.2	3.4	1.1
CY	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
CZ	22	6.5	4.2	6.3	2.1
DE	187	60.1	39.0	58.6	19.5
DK	28	3.8	2.5	3.7	1.2
EE	10	0.9	0.6	0.9	0.3
EL	1	0.5	0.3	0.5	0.2
ES	36	17.9	11.6	17.4	5.8
FI	17	9.6	6.3	9.4	3.1
FR	124	47.0	30.6	45.8	15.3
HR	4	1.5	1.0	1.5	0.5
HU	8	4.7	3.0	4.6	1.5
IE	21	3.1	2.0	3.0	1.0
IT	39	21.0	13.6	20.5	6.8
LT	9	1.0	0.7	1.0	0.3
LU	7	0.4	0.2	0.4	0.1
LV	17	0.8	0.5	0.8	0.3
MT	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
NL	62	8.5	5.5	8.3	2.8
PL	29	15.7	10.2	15.3	5.1
PT	13	2.9	1.9	2.8	0.9
RO	47	5.3	3.5	5.2	1.7
SE	45	13.6	8.9	13.3	4.4
SI	7	1.6	1.1	1.6	0.5
SK	11	2.5	1.6	2.4	0.8
UK	189	28.5	18.5	27.8	9.3
EU28	997	277.5	180.4	270.6	90.2

Within 2 km of current DH areas...



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Excess heat potentials – Service sector buildings



Excess heat potentials – Service sector buildings

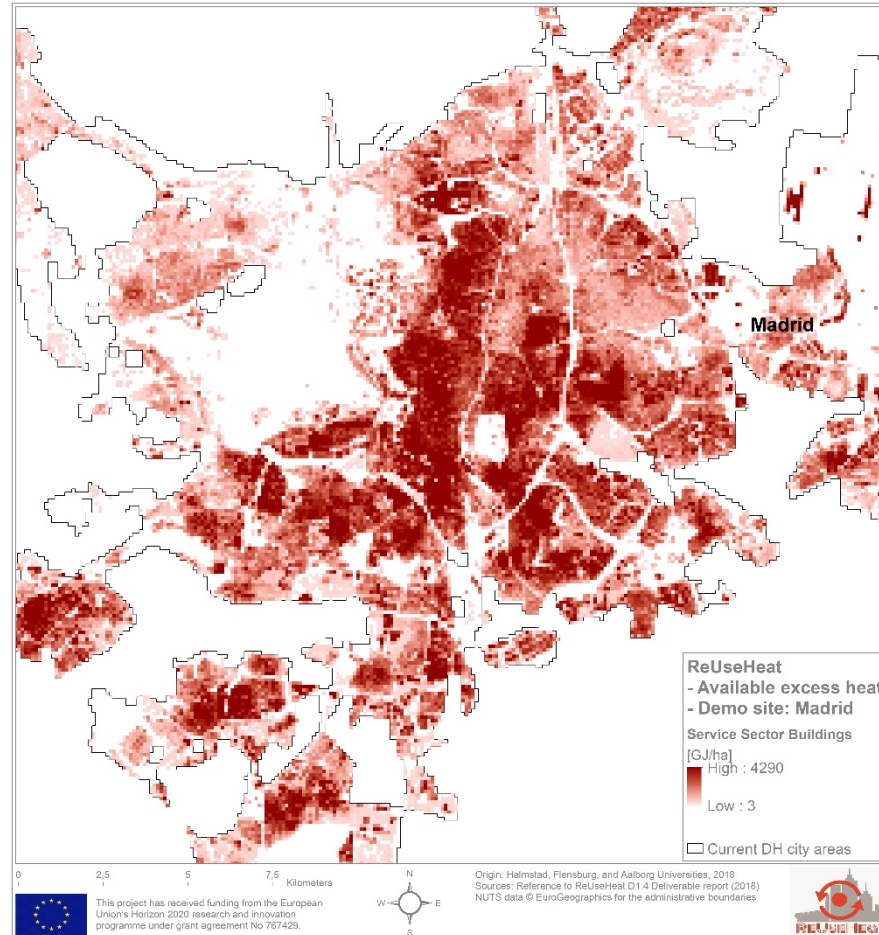
- **Data and method**

- Excess heat potential estimated based on:

- Data on Service sector floor areas by hectares (Hotmaps)
- Specific cooling demand and shares of cooled areas by member state (HRE4, WP3)
- Spatial correlation to current district heating areas

Excess heat potentials – Service sector buildings

- **Results**
 - Excess heat potential



Excess heat potentials – Service sector buildings

- **Results**
 - Excess heat potential
 - **All**

Row Labels	Sum of QL 2015 [PJ]	Sum of QH_COP3.0 (PJ)	Sum of W_COP3.0 (PJ)
AT	2.6	3.9	1.3
BE	7.4	11.1	3.7
BG	5.7	8.6	2.9
CY	4.1	6.2	2.1
CZ	1.5	2.2	0.7
DE	38.7	58.1	19.4
DK	1.7	2.6	0.9
EE	1.4	2.1	0.7
EL	79.0	118.5	39.5
ES	116.8	175.1	58.4
FI	1.9	2.8	0.9
FR	51.0	76.6	25.5
HR	2.4	3.5	1.2
HU	3.3	4.9	1.6
IE	0.5	0.7	0.2
IT	146.4	219.6	73.2
LT	0.4	0.7	0.2
LU	0.2	0.3	0.1
LV	0.2	0.3	0.1
MT	2.9	4.4	1.5
NL	4.7	7.0	2.3
PL	7.7	11.5	3.8
PT	9.3	14.0	4.7
RO	6.9	10.3	3.4
SE	5.0	7.5	2.5
SI	2.1	3.1	1.0
SK	0.6	1.0	0.3
UK	31.8	47.8	15.9
Grand Total	536.2	804.3	268.1

Excess heat potentials – Service sector buildings

• Results

– Excess heat potential

– Inside

Row Labels	Sum of QL_UMZDH 2015 [PJ]	Sum of QH_UMZDH_COP3.0 (PJ)	Sum of W_UMZDH_COP3.0 (PJ)
AT	1.9	2.8	0.9
BE	5.5	8.3	2.8
BG	3.9	5.9	2.0
CY	0.0	0.0	0.0
CZ	1.2	1.7	0.6
DE	17.7	26.5	8.8
DK	1.3	1.9	0.6
EE	1.0	1.5	0.5
EL	0.0	0.0	0.0
ES	39.6	59.4	19.8
FI	1.4	2.2	0.7
FR	33.4	50.2	16.7
HR	1.7	2.6	0.9
HU	2.7	4.1	1.4
IE	0.3	0.4	0.1
IT	45.9	68.9	23.0
LT	0.3	0.4	0.1
LU	0.1	0.1	0.0
LV	0.2	0.3	0.1
MT	0.0	0.0	0.0
NL	1.6	2.4	0.8
PL	5.3	7.9	2.6
PT	3.2	4.8	1.6
RO	5.2	7.8	2.6
SE	3.6	5.4	1.8
SI	1.1	1.6	0.5
SK	0.5	0.7	0.2
UK	16.1	24.1	8.0
Grand Total	194.3	291.5	97.2

Demo sites

- **Four demo sites**

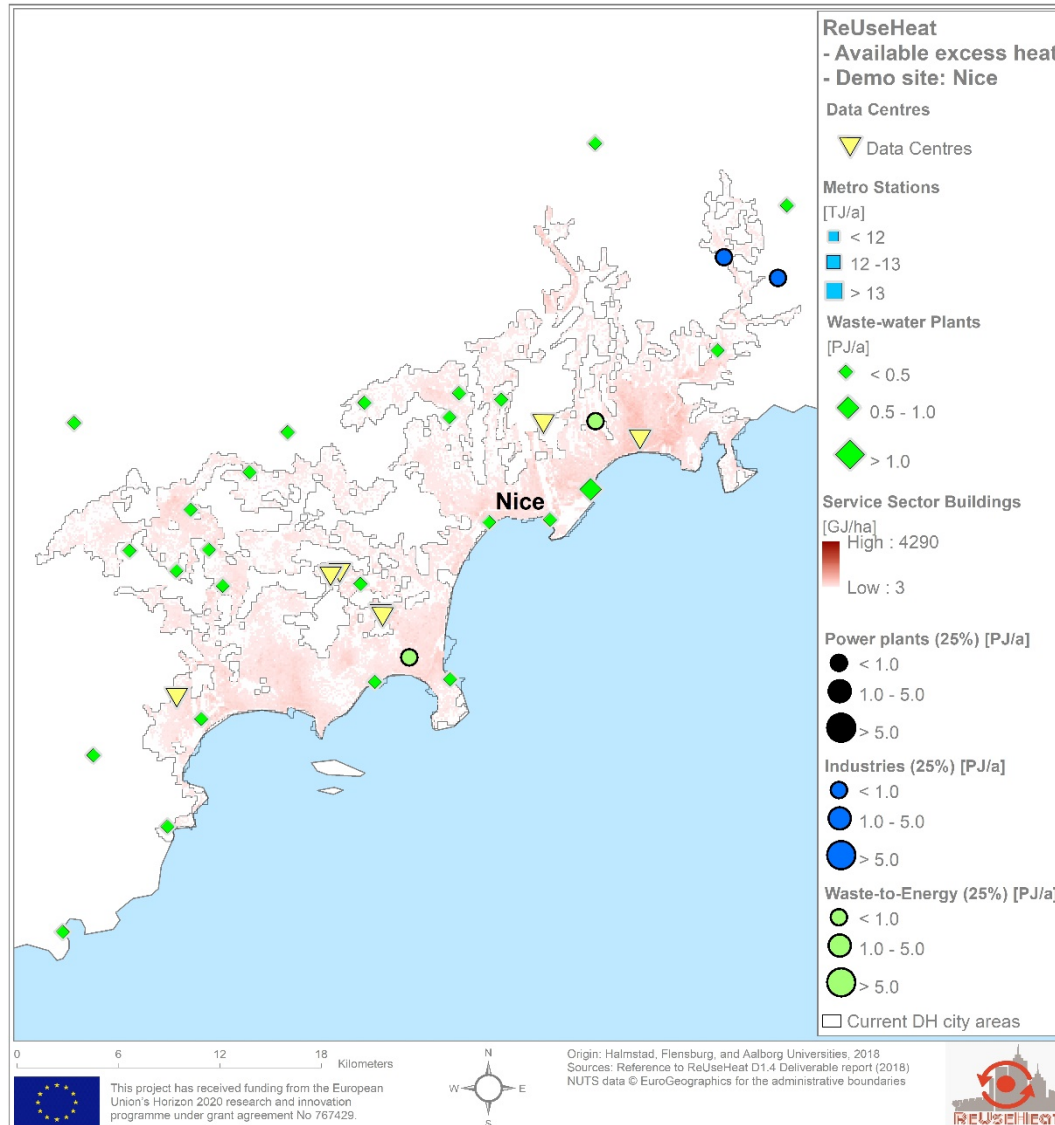
- Nice (FR): Waste-water plants
- Bucharest (RO): Metro stations
- Brunswick (DE): Data Centres
- Madrid (ES): Service sector buildings (Hospital)

- + **Conventional excess heat sources**

- Power plants
- Industrial facilities (energy intensive)
- Waste-to-Energy plants

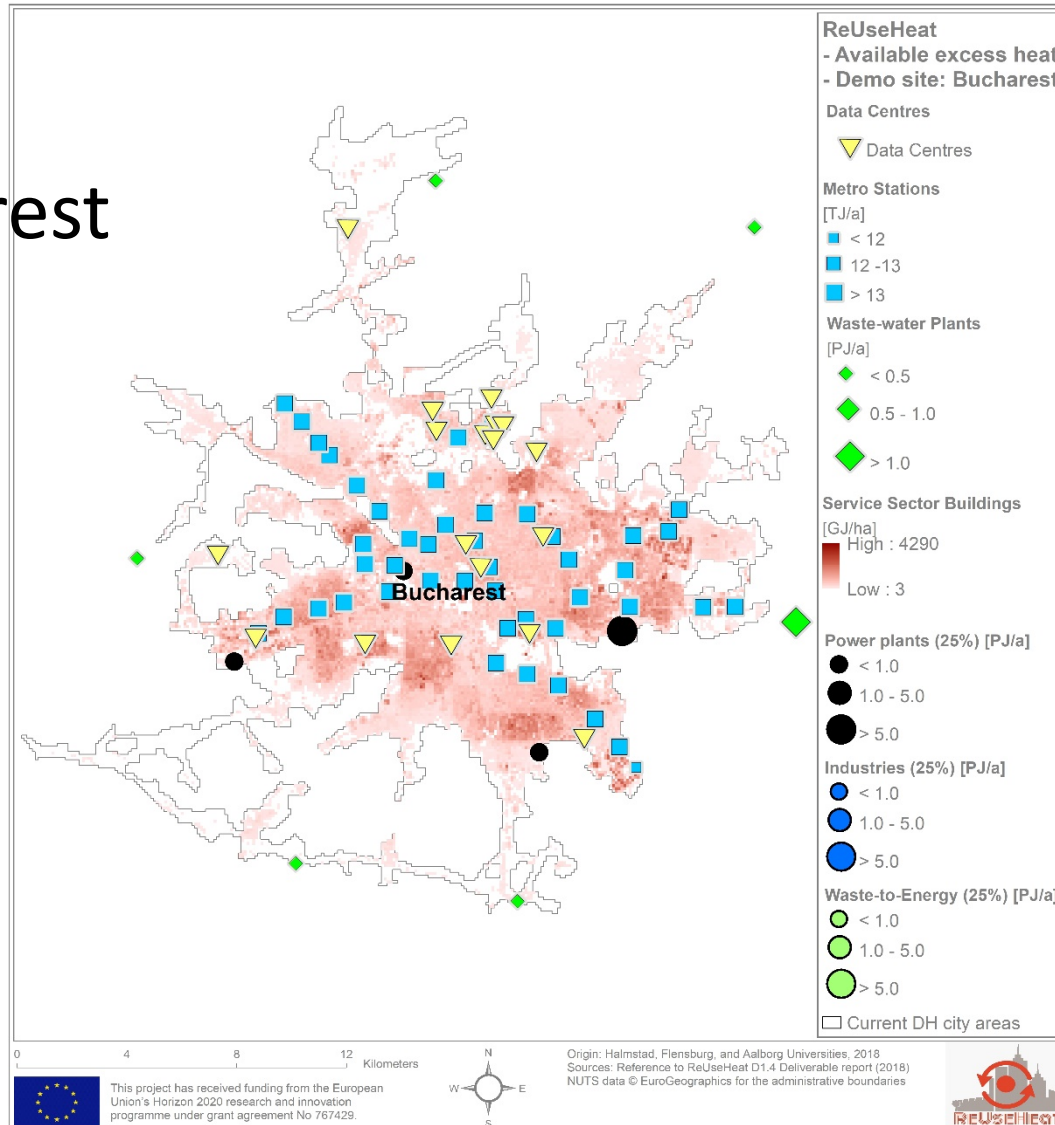
Demo sites

- Nice



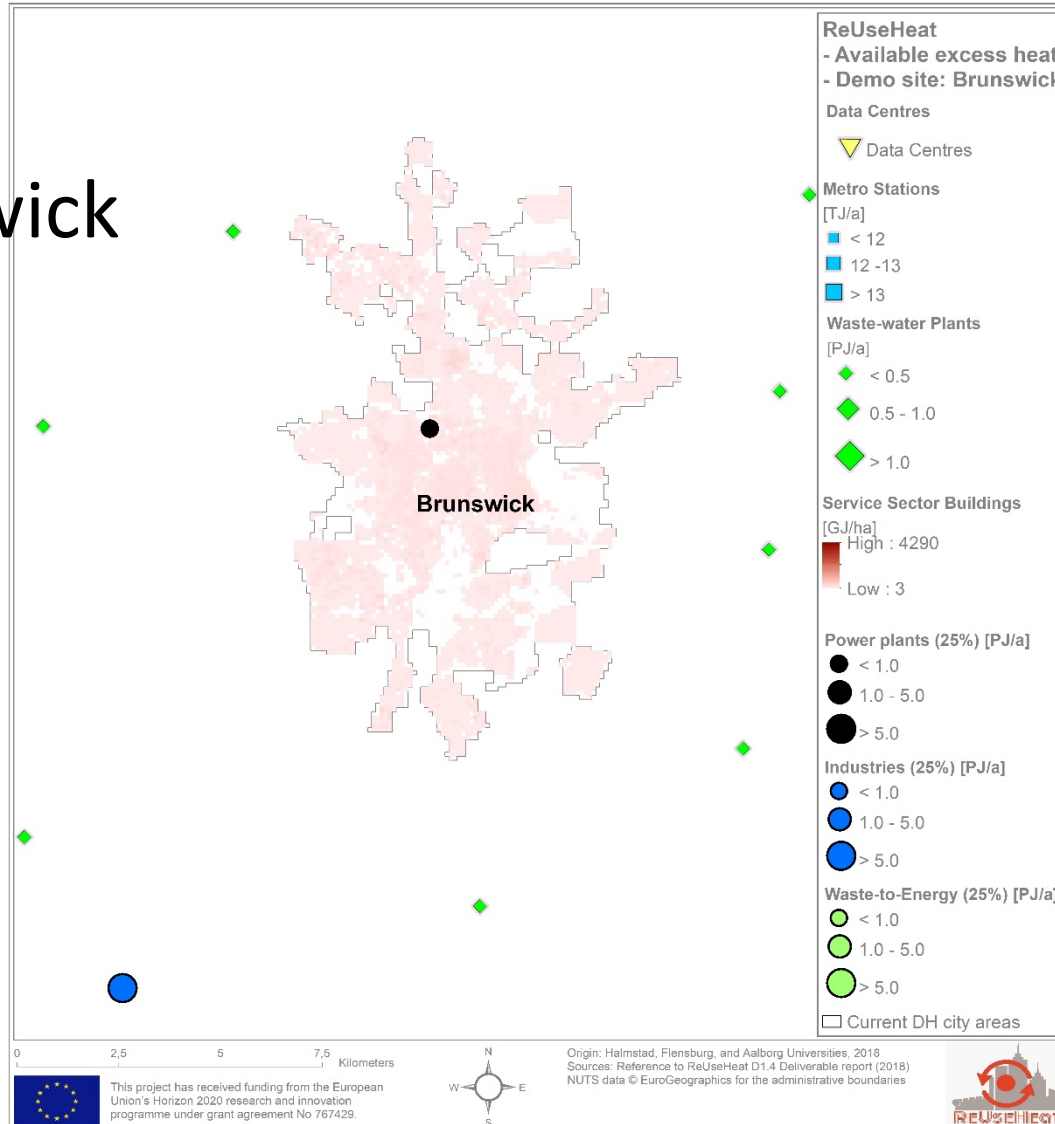
Demo sites

- Bucharest



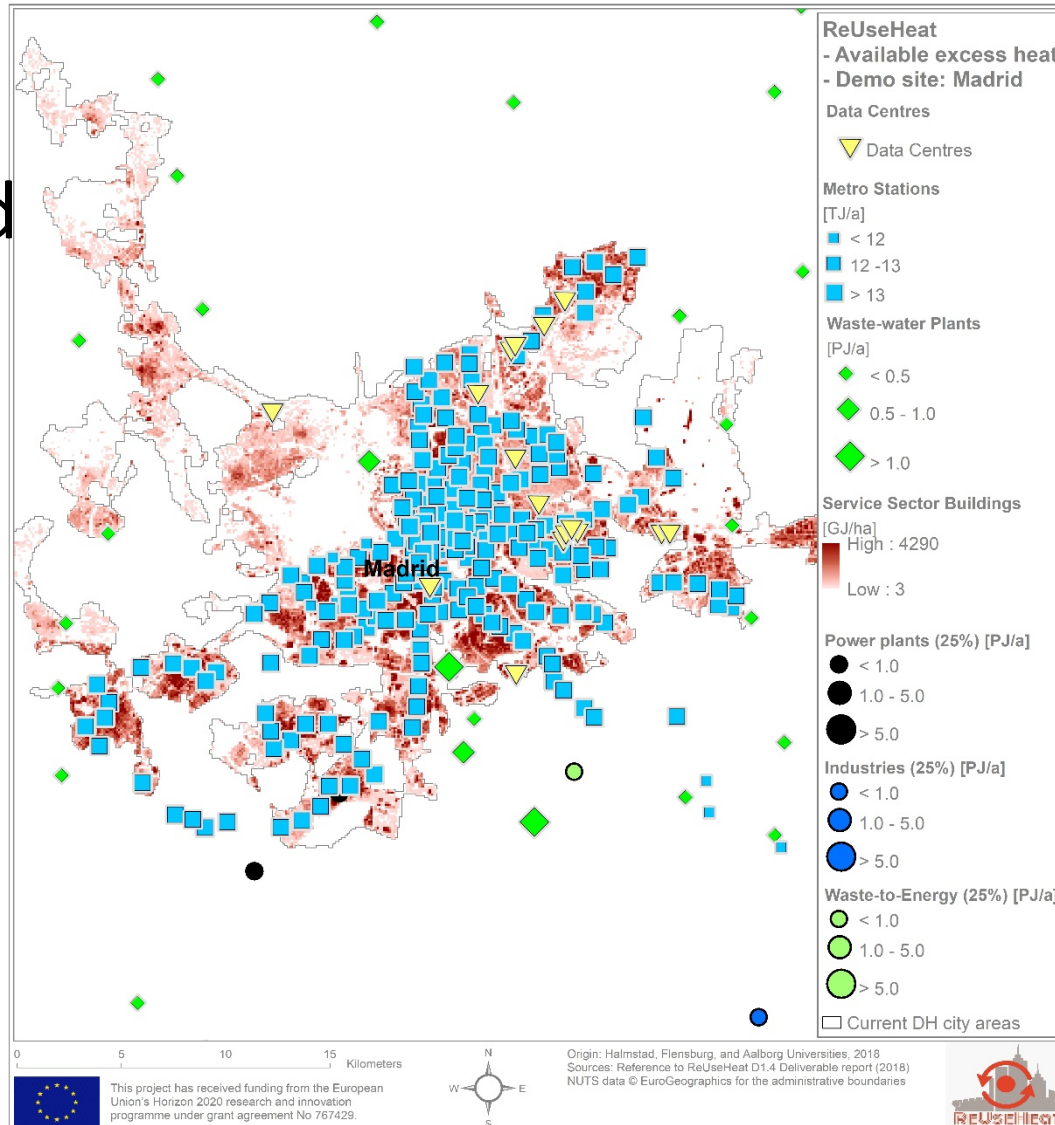
Demo sites

- Brunswick



Demo sites

- Madrid



Demo sites

- Results – Available excess heat (Q_L)

Demo Name	Data Centres (65%) [PJ/a]	Metro Stations [PJ/a]	Waste-water Plants [PJ/a]	Service Sector Buildings [PJ/a]	Conventional (25%) [PJ/a]	Total
Brunswick	-	-	1.2	0.1	12.2	13.6
Madrid	6.1	3.2	7.6	21.4	1.4	39.7
Nice	1.7	-	1.9	1.0	1.3	5.9
Bucharest	1.8	0.7	2.2	3.2	2.8	10.7
Total	9.6	3.9	12.9	25.7	17.8	69.9



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Summary



Summary

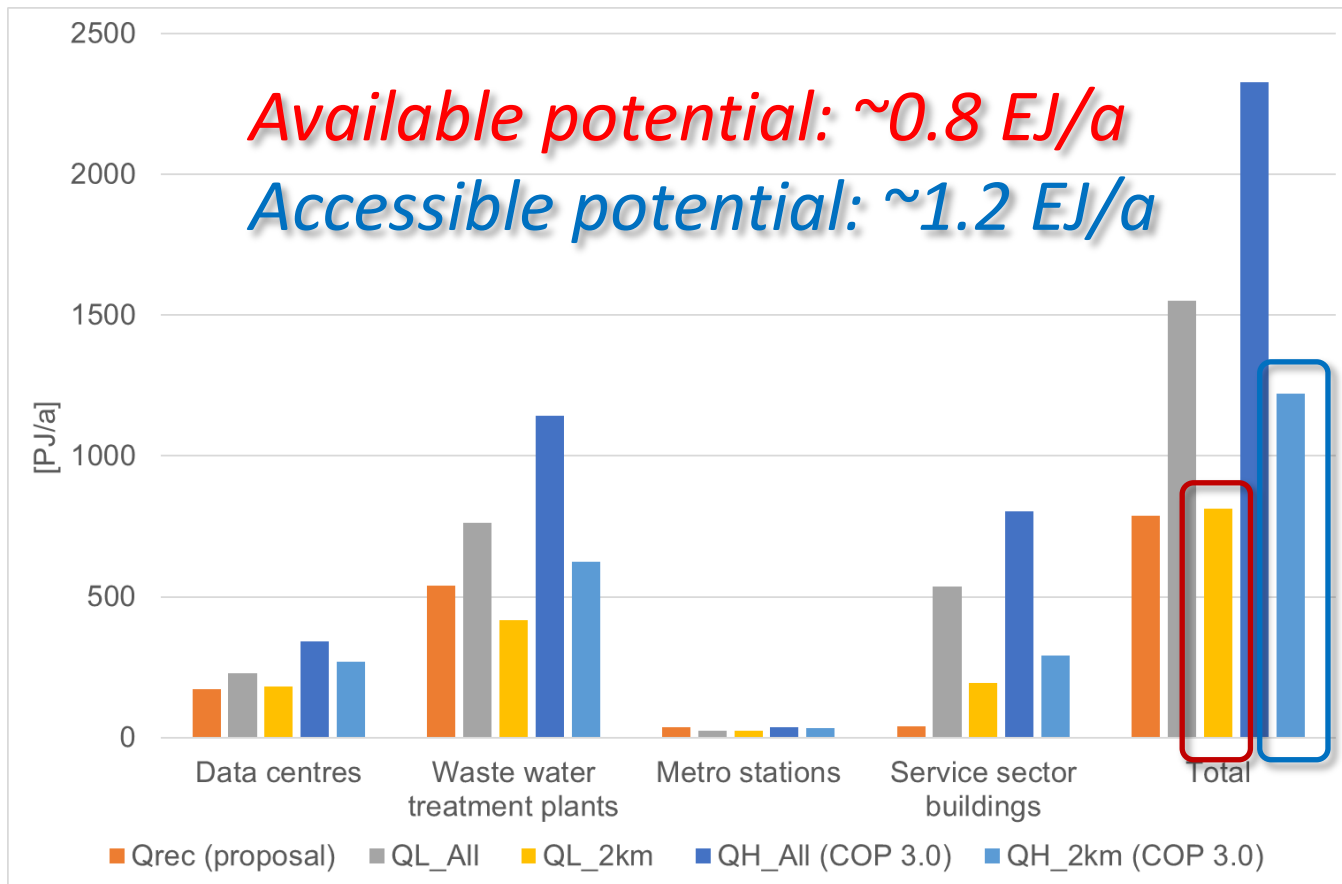
- Results – Urban excess heat

EU28 potential (anticipated in proposal)				T1.2 - Available excess heat			T1.2 - Accessible excess heat		
No	Waste heat source	Qrec [TWh/a]	Qrec [PJ/a]	QL_All [PJ/a]	QL_2km [PJ/a]	Ratio [%]	QH_All (COP 3.0) [PJ/a]	QH_2km (COP 3.0) [PJ/a]	Ratio [%]
1	Data centres	48	173	228	180	(+) 4%	342	271	(+) 57%
2	Waste water treatment plants	150	540	763	417	(-) 23%	1144	625	(+) 16%
3	Metro stations	10	36	25	23	(-) 36%	37	35	(-) 3%
4	Service sector buildings	11.2	40	536	194*	(+) 385%	804	292*	(+) 630%
Total		219	789	1552	814	(+) 3%	2327	1223	(+) 55%

*Inside UMZDH areas

Summary

- Results – Urban excess heat





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THANK YOU!

QUESTIONS?

