

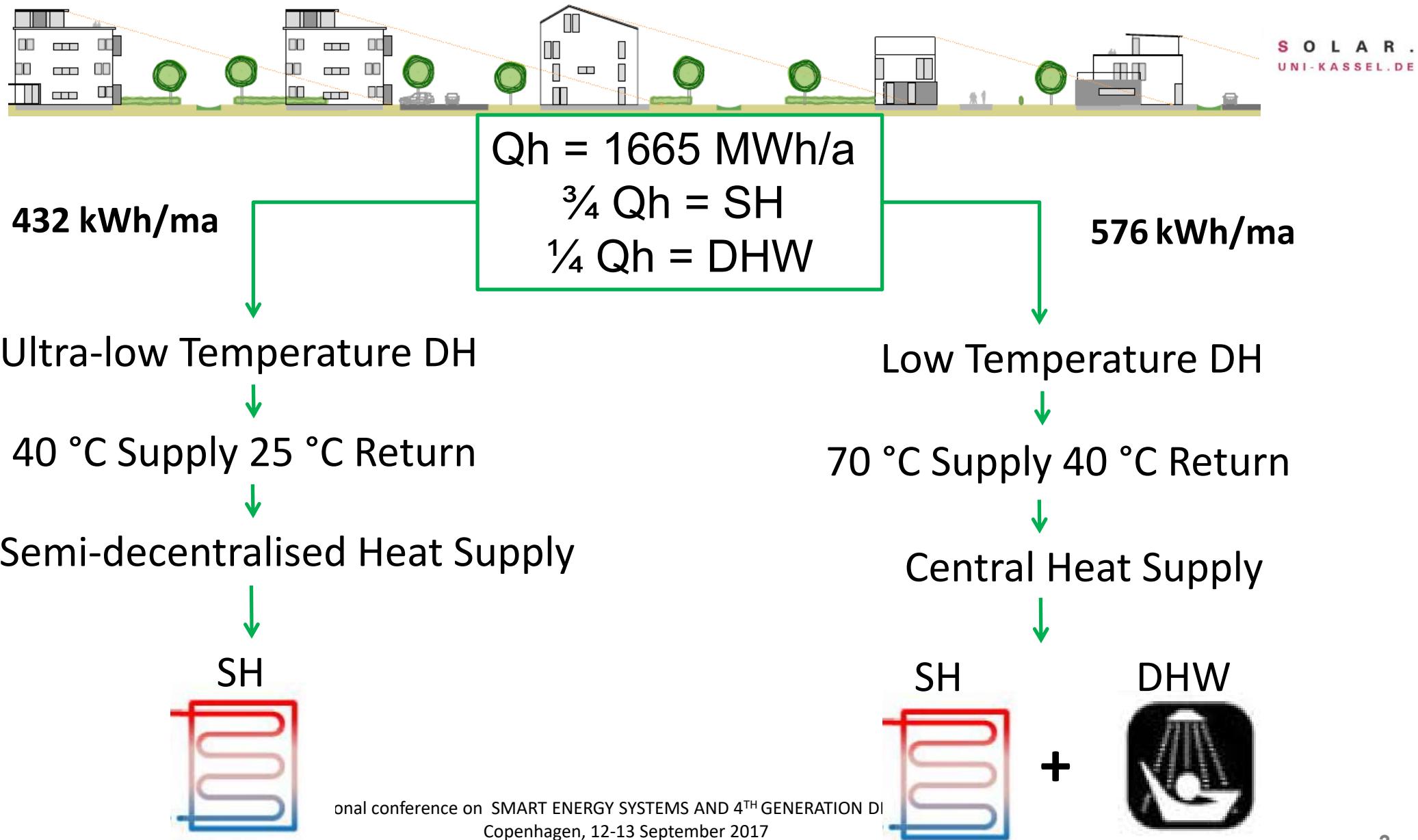
# LOW TEMPERATURE VS. ULTRA-LOW-TEMPERATURE DH FOR HOUSING AREAS WITH VERY LOW LINEAR HEAT DEMAND DENSITIES

Isabelle Best, COPENHAGEN, 13 SEPTEMBER 2017



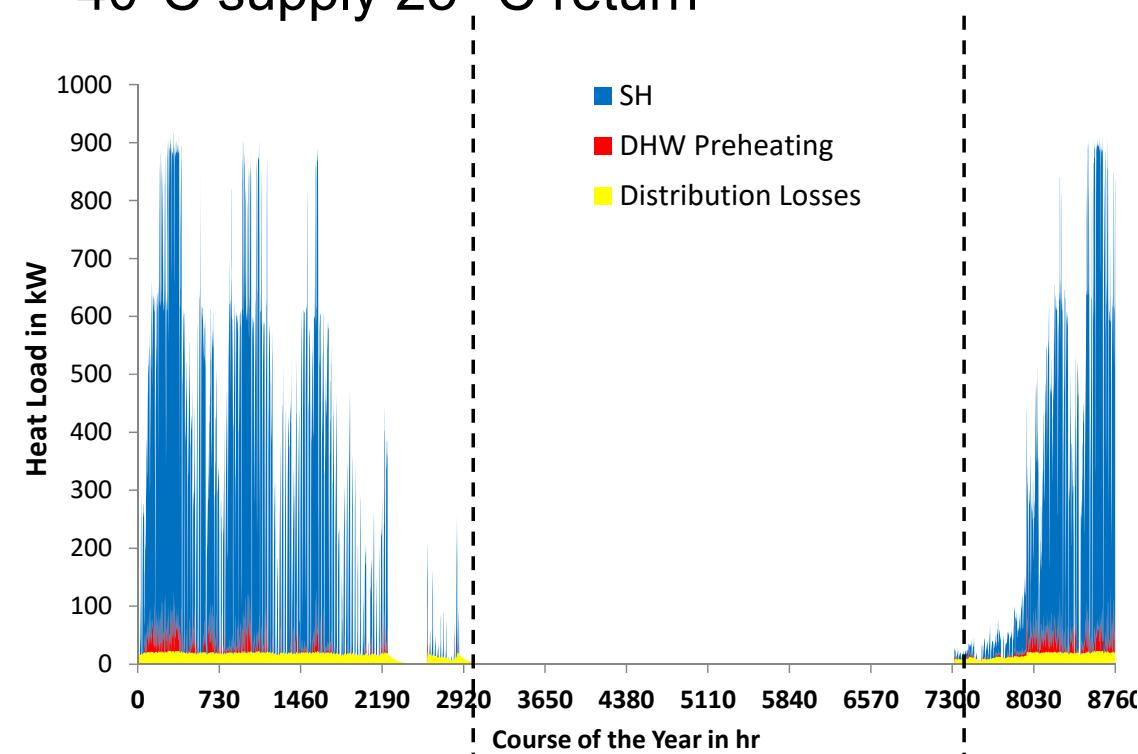
# ULTRA-LOW-TEMPERATURE DH VS. LOW-TEMPERATURE DH

- Which temperature level + temperature difference?
  - Impact on heat generation technology
    - share of renewable energy
  - Impact on pipe design
    - pressure drop
  - Impact on pump energy demand
  - Impact on heat losses
- Which system is the best from economic point of view?

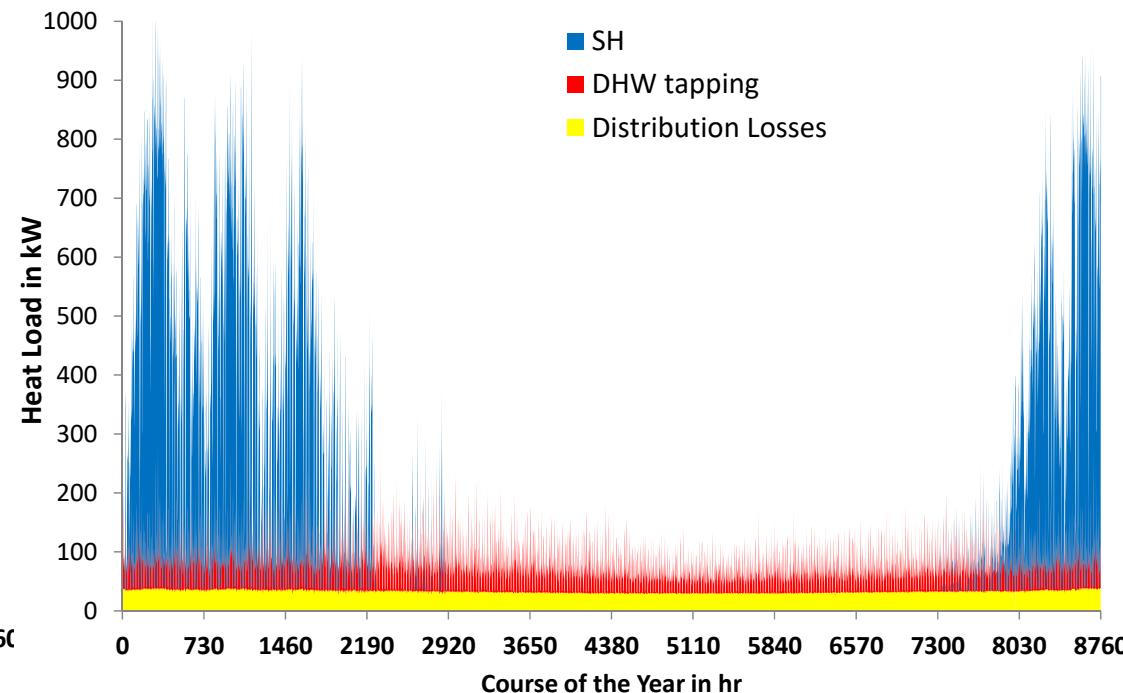


# ULTRA-LOW-TEMPERATURE DH VS. LOW-TEMPERATURE DH

Ultra-Low-Temperature DH:  
40°C supply 25 °C return

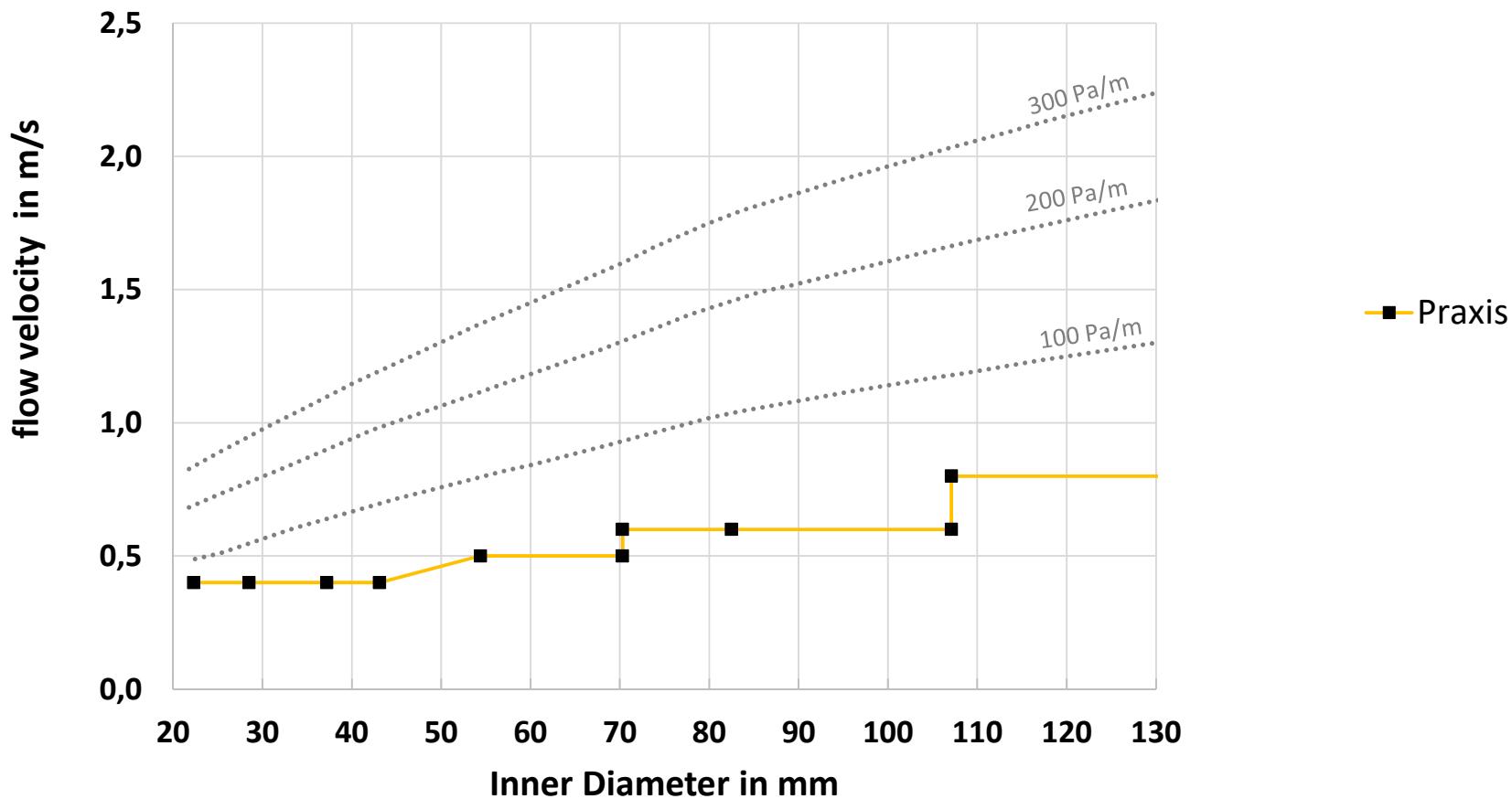


Low-temperature DH:  
70 °C supply 40°C return

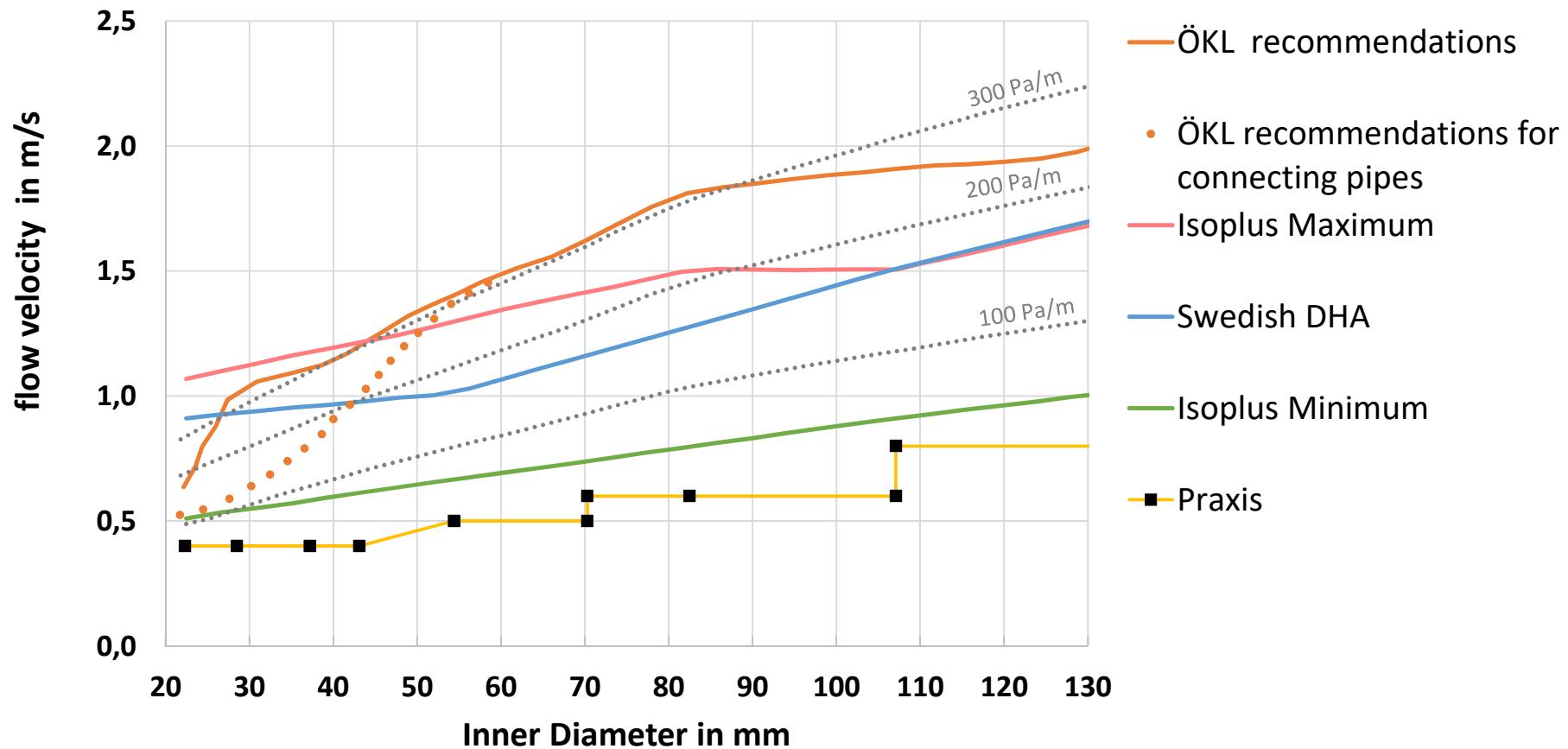


DH switched off → decentralized DHW preparation

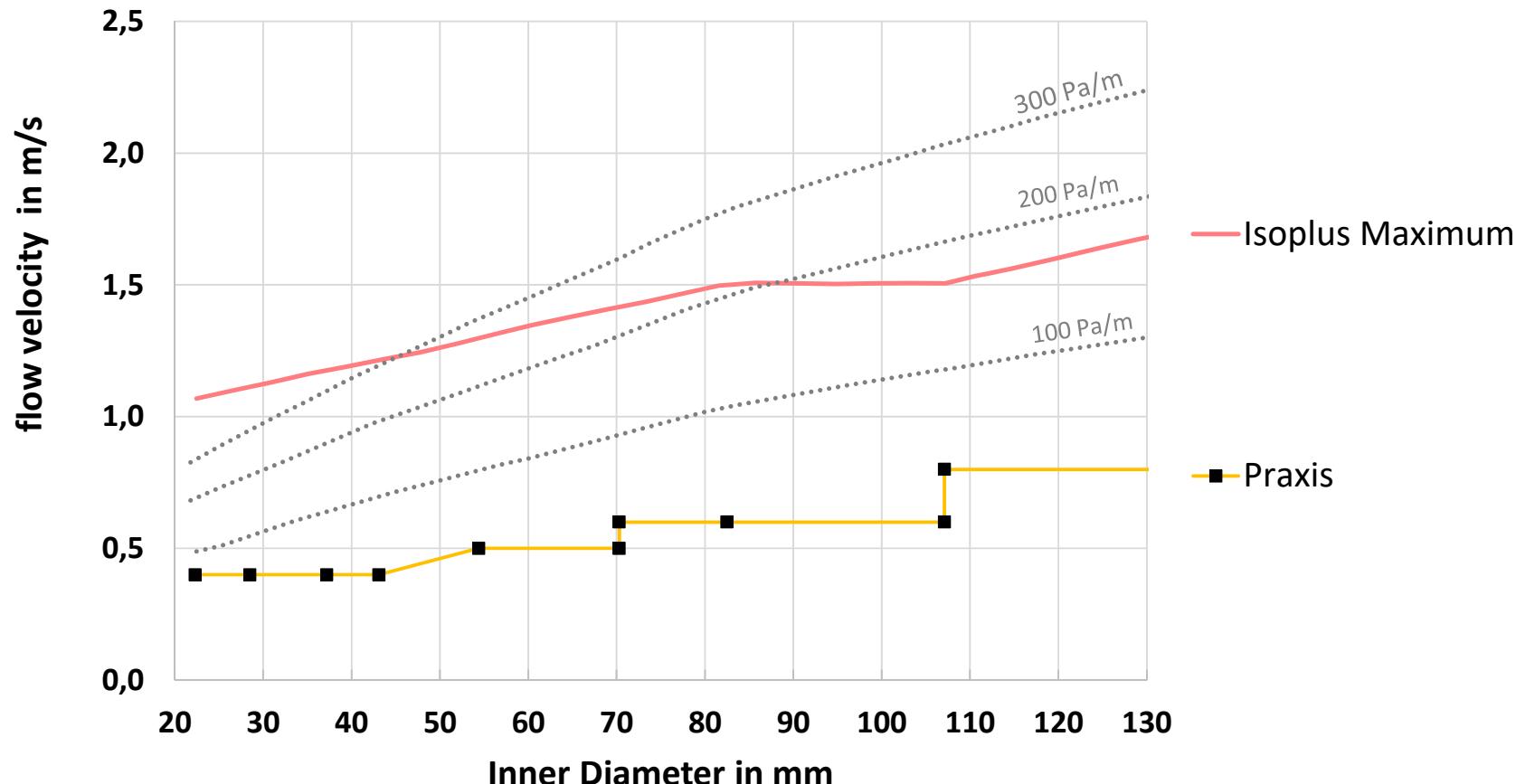
# DIFFERENT PIPE DESIGN GUIDELINES



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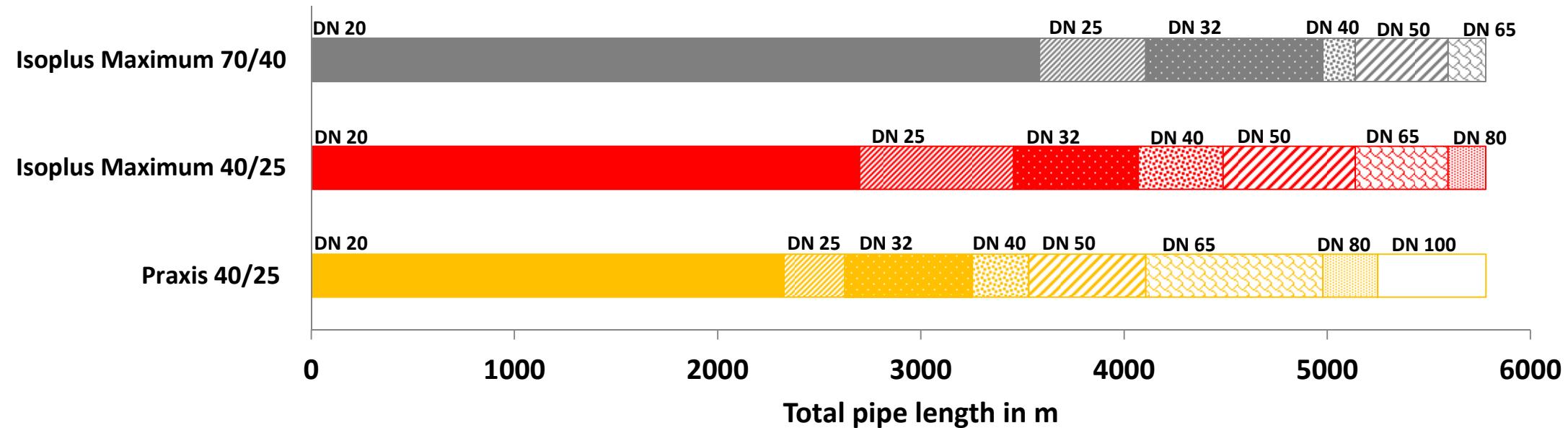
# DIFFERENT PIPE DESIGN GUIDELINES



Design Tool: temperature difference + max. load + max. flow rate/ max. pressure drop  
 → pipe diameter

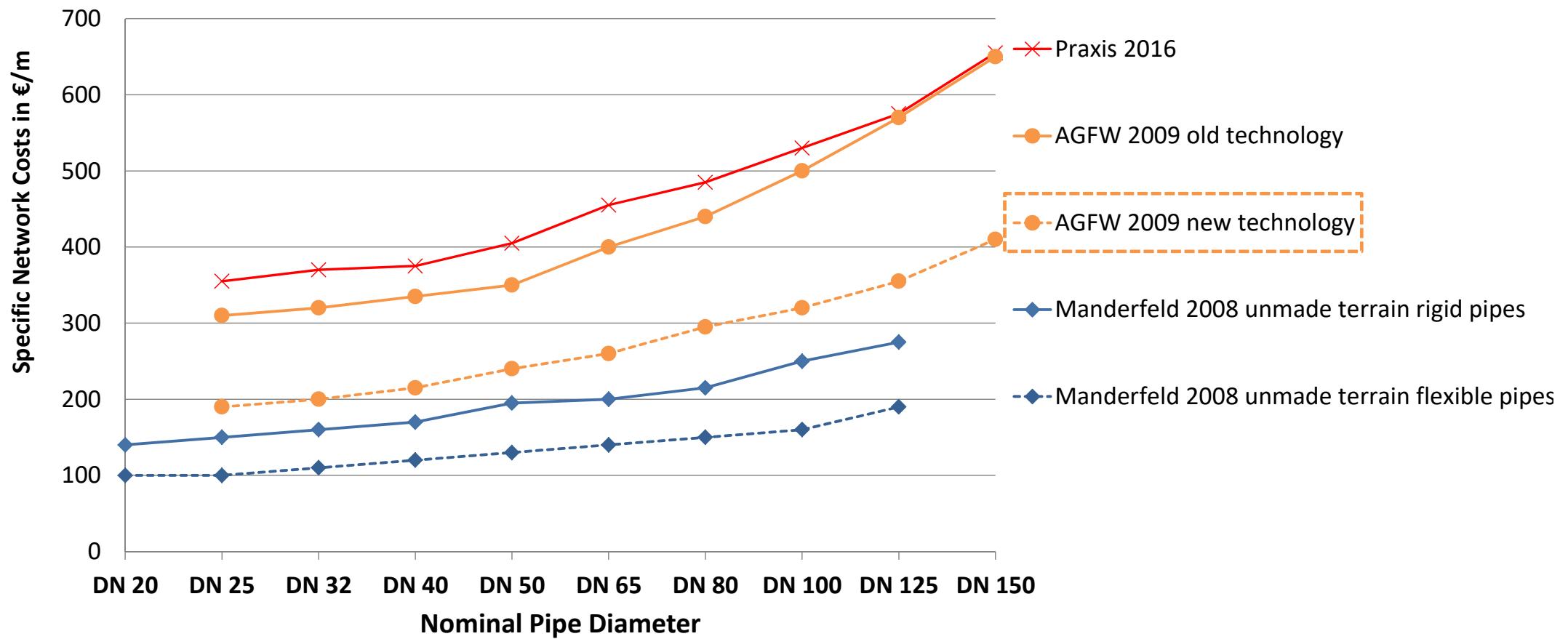
3<sup>rd</sup> international conference on SMART ENERGY SYSTEMS AND 4<sup>TH</sup> GENERATION DISTRICT HEATING  
 Copenhagen, 12-13 September 2017

# PIPE DESIGN DISTRIBUTION – IMPACT OF TEMPERATURE



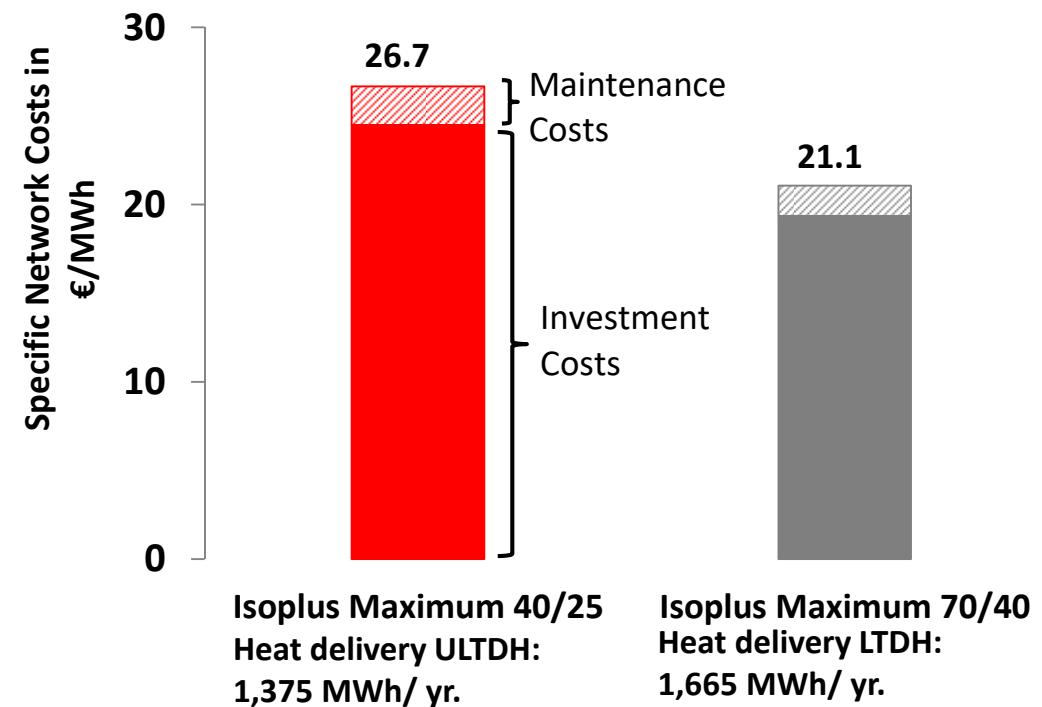
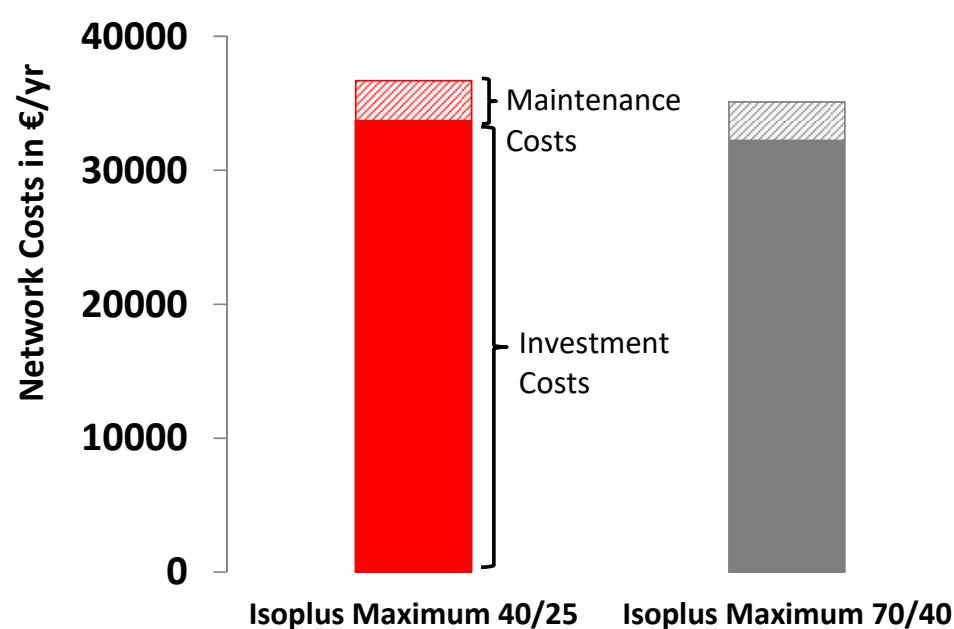
- From DH 40/45 to DH 70/40:  
shift from DN 100 to DN 65 + significant increase of DN 20
- How much money do I save?  
→ Economical Evaluation

# ECONOMIC EVALUATION – SPECIFIC NETWORK COSTS IN GERMANY



# ECONOMIC EVALUATION – HEAT DISTRIBUTION COSTS

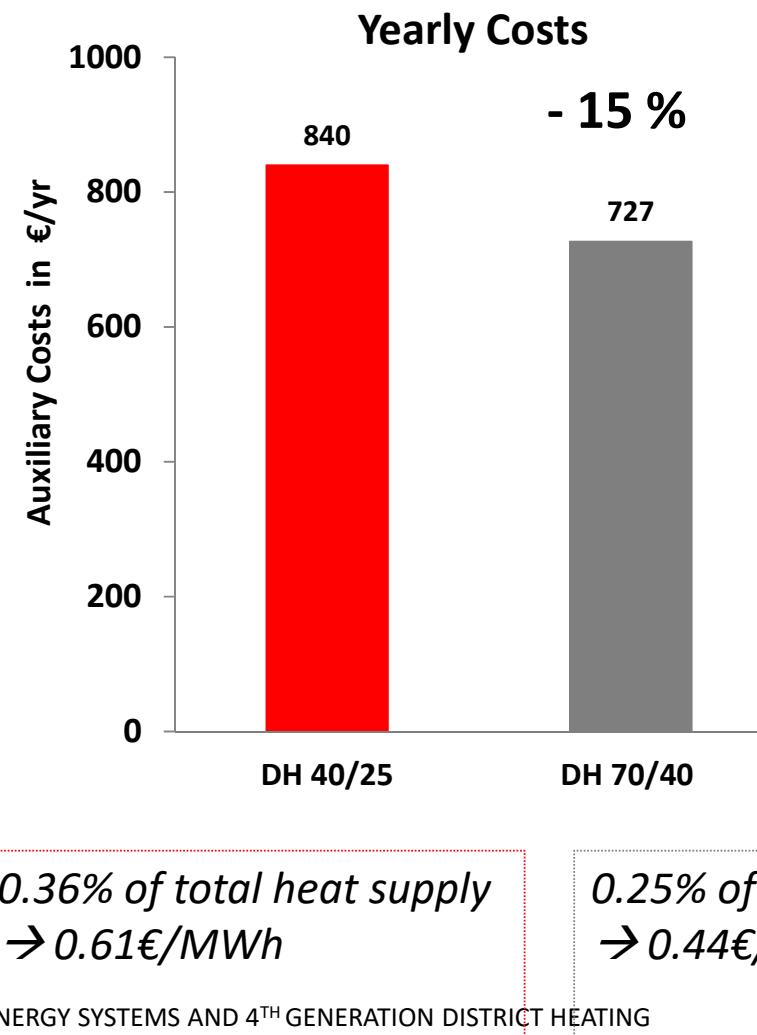
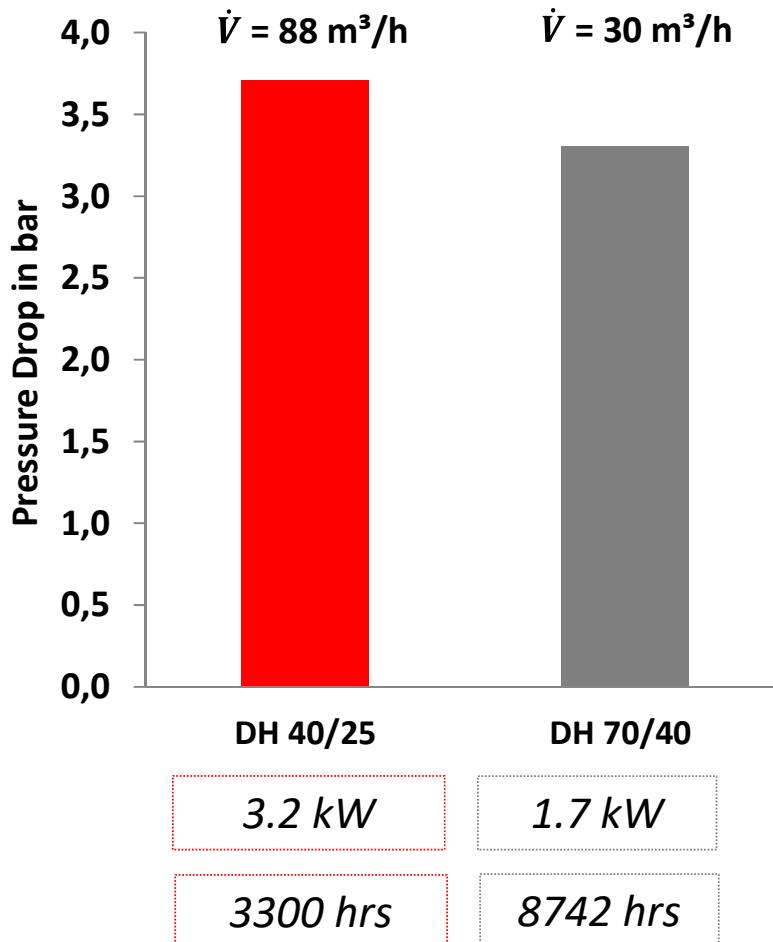
Base period: 30 yrs., interest rate: 5.6 %, maintenance costs: 0.5 % of investment



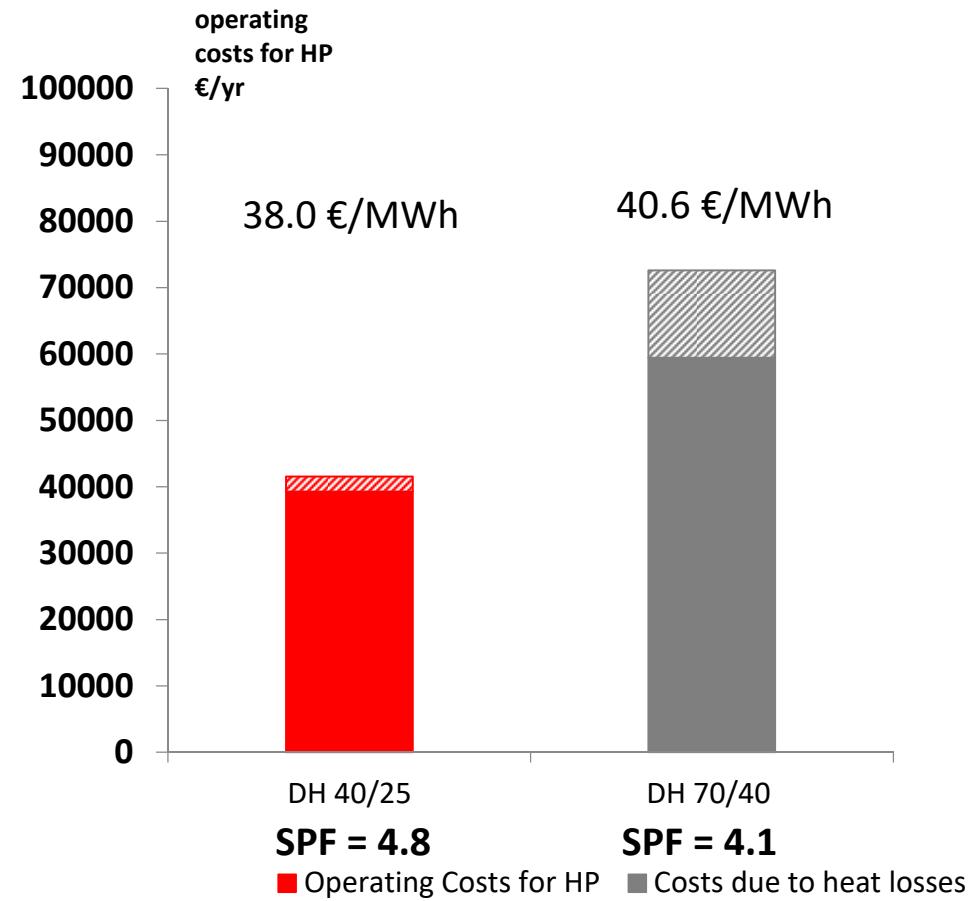
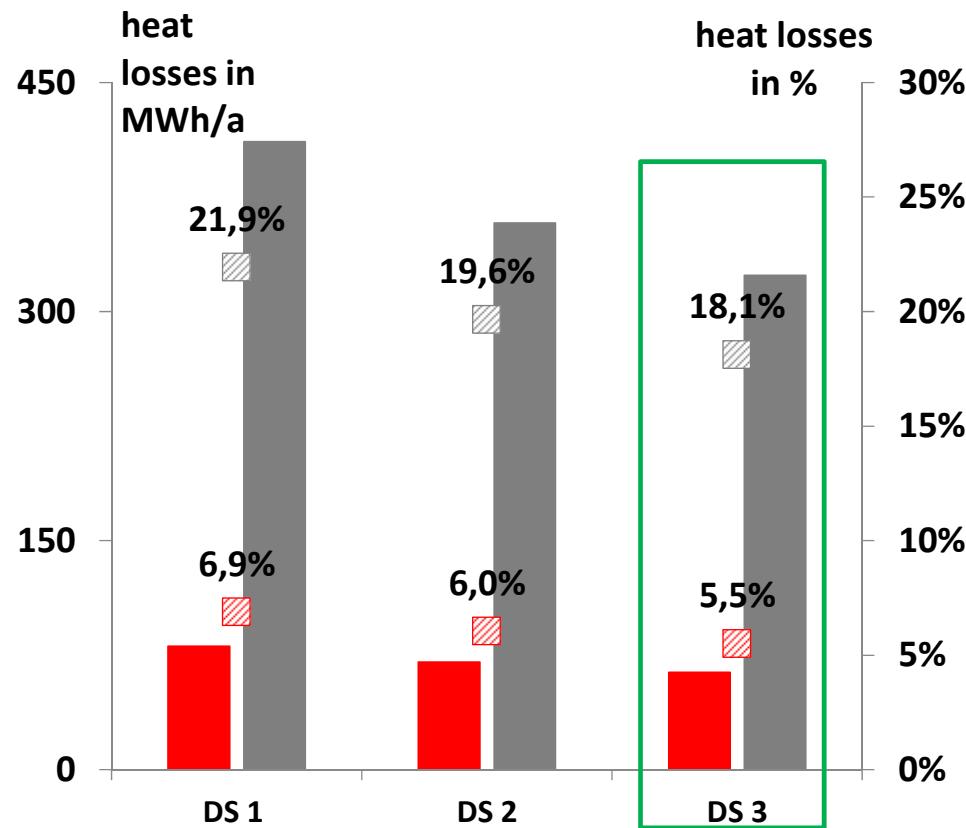
- In yearly costs nearly no difference
- In specific costs reduction of 21 %

# ECONOMIC EVALUATION – AUXILIARY ENERGY DEMAND

Pressure Drop at Maximum Load

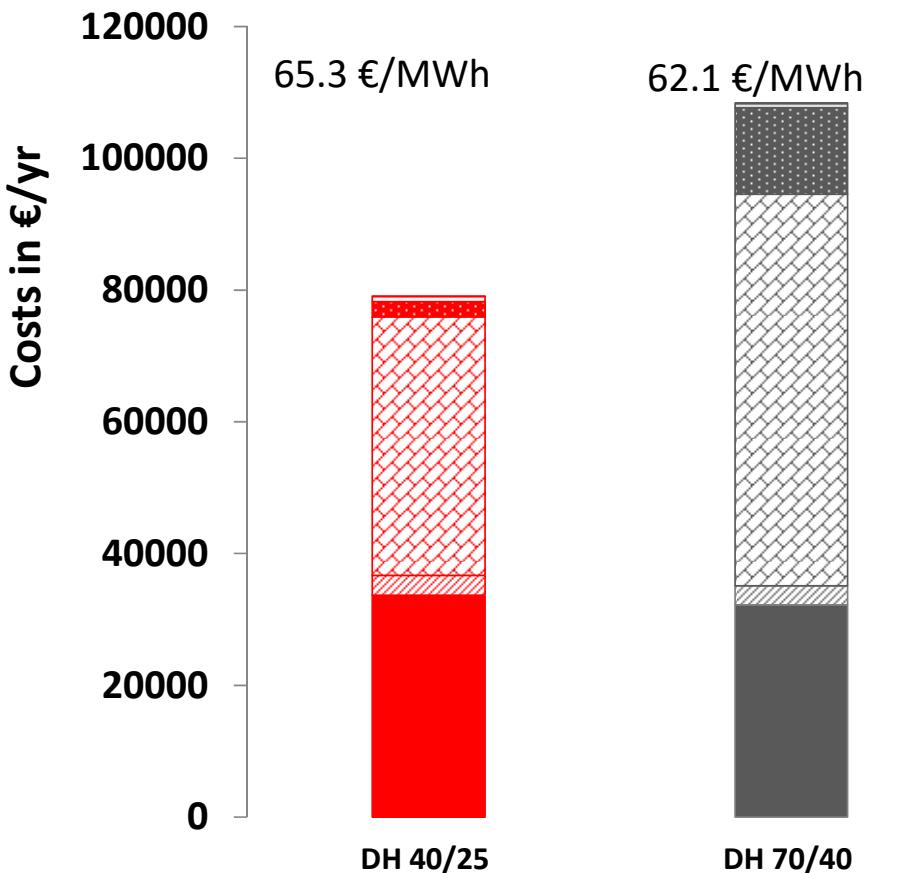


# ECONOMIC EVALUATION – HEAT DISTRIBUTION LOSSES



- Heat losses x 3 higher at LTDH 70/ 40
- Yearly costs + 75 %
- Specific costs + 6.8 %

# SUMMARY



- Auxiliary Costs
- Heat losses
- HP Operation
- Maintenance Costs
- Investment Costs

- Analyses comprise infrastructure
  - Investment costs of pumps here not included
  - SPF sensitive parameter → heat supply side
- Heat losses **x 3 higher** at LTDH 70/ 40  
 → Yearly total costs of LTDH 70/40 + 27 %  
 → Specific costs of LTDH 70/40 - 5 %

# THANK YOU FOR LISTENING

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